IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 12/27/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 12/27/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

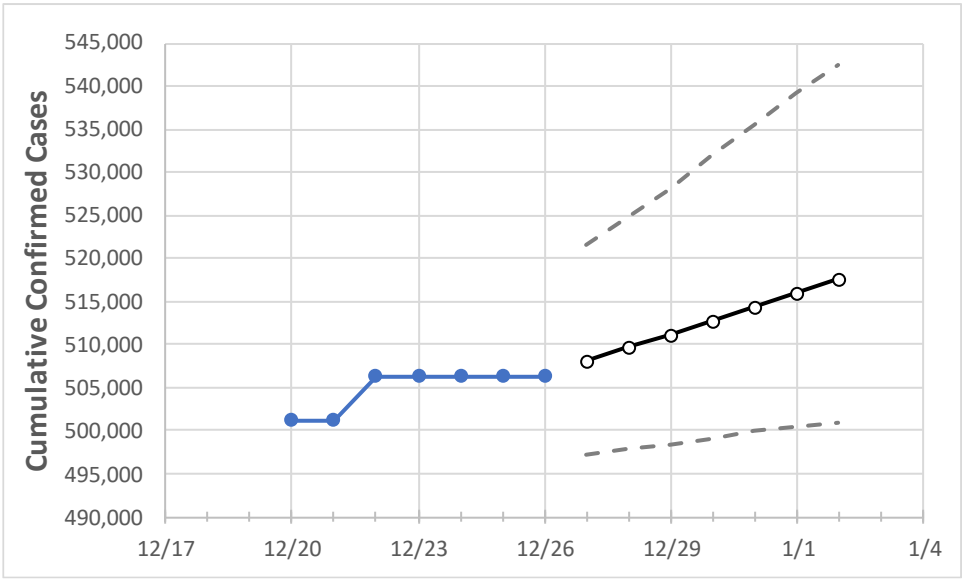
IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

Kansas State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	12/23	12/24	12/25	12/26	12/27	12/28	12/29	12/30	12/31	1/1	1/2
Kansas	506,379	506,379	506,379	506,379	508,078	509,717	511,091	512,712	514,334	515,913	517,594

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Kansas Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	12/23	12/24	12/25	12/26	12/27	12/28	12/29	12/30	12/31	1/1	1/2
Douglas	14,289	14,289	14,289	14,289	14,359	14,432	14,496	14,569	14,645	14,720	14,798
Johnson	89,623	89,623	89,623	89,623	89,950	90,280	90,611	90,940	91,289	91,631	91,966
Leavenworth	11,983	11,983	11,983	11,983	12,018	12,051	12,086	12,121	12,156	12,191	12,226
Sedgwick	93,644	93,644	93,644	93,644	93,968	94,307	94,638	94,961	95,293	95,634	95,962
Wyandotte	31,031	31,031	31,031	31,031	31,124	31,222	31,320	31,418	31,515	31,617	31,717

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- *Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.*
- *ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.*
- *Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.*

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

*The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.*

Kansas Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:		
	12/23	12/24	12/25	12/26	12/28	12/30	1/1
Douglas	14,289	14,289	14,289	14,289	14,432 (2,886) [693] {346}	14,569 (2,914) [699] {350}	14,720 (2,944) [707] {353}
Johnson	89,623	89,623	89,623	89,623	90,280 (18,056) [4,333] {2,167}	90,940 (18,188) [4,365] {2,183}	91,631 (18,326) [4,398] {2,199}
Leavenworth	11,983	11,983	11,983	11,983	12,051 (2,410) [578] {289}	12,121 (2,424) [582] {291}	12,191 (2,438) [585] {293}
Sedgwick	93,644	93,644	93,644	93,644	94,307 (18,861) [4,527] {2,263}	94,961 (18,992) [4,558] {2,279}	95,634 (19,127) [4,590] {2,295}
Wyandotte	31,031	31,031	31,031	31,031	31,222 (6,244) [1,499] {749}	31,418 (6,284) [1,508] {754}	31,617 (6,323) [1,518] {759}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.