

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 11/1/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 11/1/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

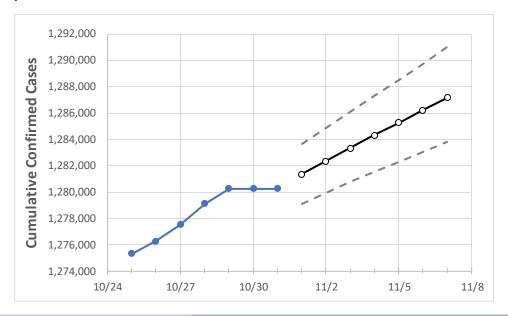
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Tennessee State Projections



	Act	tual Confirr	ned Cases (On:			Proje	ected Cases	For:		
	10/28	10/29	10/30	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7
Tannaccaa	1 270 112	1 280 265	1 220 265	1 280 265	1 201 220	1 202 2/12	1 202 220	1 28/1 205	1 285 270	1 286 218	1 227 163

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Tennessee Counties

	Act	ual Confirn	ned Cases	On:	Projected Cases For:									
	10/28	10/29	10/30	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7			
Blount	23,744	23,759	23,759	23,759	23,779	23,800	23,819	23,838	23,857	23,876	23,893			
Davidson	121,162	121,275	121,275	121,275	121,371	121,461	121,553	121,643	121,737	121,824	121,910			
Hamilton	63,602	63,653	63,653	63,653	63,706	63,761	63,813	63,865	63,914	63,964	64,013			
Knox	78,642	78,694	78,694	78,694	78,768	78,840	78,909	78,977	79,047	79,113	79,177			
Rutherford	61,863	61,914	61,914	61,914	61,971	62,028	62,083	62,139	62,194	62,248	62,302			
Shelby	144,279	144,354	144,354	144,354	144,434	144,515	144,592	144,670	144,746	144,824	144,894			
Sumner	34,256	34,283	34,283	34,283	34,309	34,335	34,361	34,386	34,411	34,437	34,461			
Williamson	39,660	39,707	39,707	39,707	39,739	39,769	39,799	39,827	39,857	39,886	39,915			



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Tennessee Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	10/28	10/29	10/30	10/31	11/2				11/4				11/6			
Blount	23,744	23,759	23,759	23,759	23,800	(4,760)	[1,142]	{571}	23,838	(4,768)	[1,144]	{572}	23,876	(4,775)	[1,146]	{573}
Davidson	121,162	121,275	121,275	121,275	121,461	(24,292)	[5,830]	{2,915}	121,643	(24,329)	[5,839]	{2,919}	121,824	(24,365)	[5,848]	{2,924}
Hamilton	63,602	63,653	63,653	63,653	63,761	(12,752)	[3,061]	{1,530}	63,865	(12,773)	[3,066]	{1,533}	63,964	(12,793)	[3,070]	{1,535}
Knox	78,642	78,694	78,694	78,694	78,840	(15,768)	[3,784]	{1,892}	78,977	(15,795)	[3,791]	{1,895}	79,113	(15,823)	[3,797]	{1,899}
Rutherford	61,863	61,914	61,914	61,914	62,028	(12,406)	[2,977]	{1,489}	62,139	(12,428)	[2,983]	{1,491}	62,248	(12,450)	[2,988]	{1,494}
Shelby	144,279	144,354	144,354	144,354	144,515	(28,903)	[6,937]	{3,468}	144,670	(28,934)	[6,944]	{3,472}	144,824	(28,965)	[6,952]	{3,476}
Sumner	34,256	34,283	34,283	34,283	34,335	(6,867)	[1,648]	{824}	34,386	(6,877)	[1,651]	{825}	34,437	(6,887)	[1,653]	{826}
Williamson	39,660	39,707	39,707	39,707	39,769	(7,954)	[1,909]	{954}	39,827	(7,965)	[1,912]	{956}	39,886	(7,977)	[1,915]	{957}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

