

## **IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**

**Date: 8/4/21**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

**We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.**

### **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 8/4/21 9 a.m.

**Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.**

**Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.**

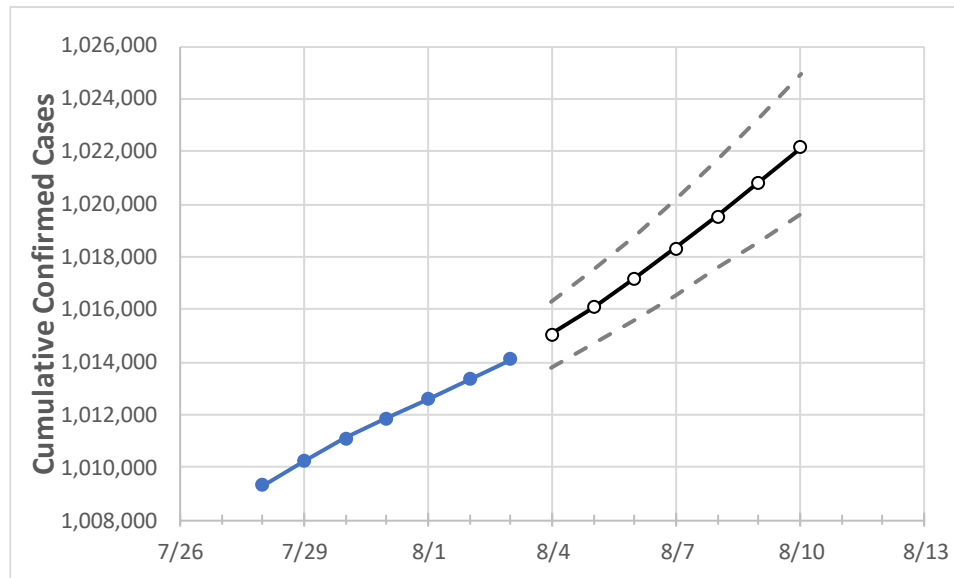
### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

## Michigan State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	7/31	8/1	8/2	8/3	8/4	8/5	8/6	8/7	8/8	8/9	8/10	
Michigan	1,011,851	1,012,597	1,013,342	1,014,087	1,015,061	1,016,079	1,017,170	1,018,326	1,019,535	1,020,833	1,022,173	

*Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.*

## Michigan Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	7/31	8/1	8/2	8/3	8/4	8/5	8/6	8/7	8/8	8/9	8/10
Genesee	42,122	42,144	42,167	42,189	42,218	42,248	42,279	42,312	42,346	42,382	42,420
Ingham	25,256	25,283	25,310	25,337	25,375	25,416	25,462	25,510	25,562	25,618	25,679
Kent	74,503	74,521	74,539	74,557	74,596	74,636	74,677	74,718	74,761	74,805	74,850
Livingston	16,992	17,012	17,031	17,051	17,074	17,100	17,127	17,156	17,186	17,219	17,255
Macomb	101,294	101,364	101,435	101,505	101,603	101,707	101,817	101,934	102,059	102,190	102,329
Monroe	15,616	15,630	15,643	15,656	15,672	15,688	15,706	15,724	15,743	15,764	15,785
Oakland	120,440	120,550	120,660	120,770	120,911	121,064	121,226	121,394	121,572	121,761	121,960
Washtenaw	26,866	26,893	26,920	26,947	26,980	27,015	27,052	27,091	27,133	27,177	27,224
Wayne	168,140	168,283	168,425	168,568	168,729	168,899	169,077	169,265	169,461	169,667	169,883

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

### Michigan Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	7/31	8/1	8/2	8/3	8/5			8/7			8/9					
Genesee	42,122	42,144	42,167	42,189	42,248	(8,450)	[2,028]	{1,014}	42,312	(8,462)	[2,031]	{1,015}	42,382	(8,476)	[2,034]	{1,017}
Ingham	25,256	25,283	25,310	25,337	25,416	(5,083)	[1,220]	{610}	25,510	(5,102)	[1,224]	{612}	25,618	(5,124)	[1,230]	{615}
Kent	74,503	74,521	74,539	74,557	74,636	(14,927)	[3,583]	{1,791}	74,718	(14,944)	[3,586]	{1,793}	74,805	(14,961)	[3,591]	{1,795}
Livingston	16,992	17,012	17,031	17,051	17,100	(3,420)	[821]	{410}	17,156	(3,431)	[823]	{412}	17,219	(3,444)	[827]	{413}
Macomb	101,294	101,364	101,435	101,505	101,707	(20,341)	[4,882]	{2,441}	101,934	(20,387)	[4,893]	{2,446}	102,190	(20,438)	[4,905]	{2,453}
Monroe	15,616	15,630	15,643	15,656	15,688	(3,138)	[753]	{377}	15,724	(3,145)	[755]	{377}	15,764	(3,153)	[757]	{378}
Oakland	120,440	120,550	120,660	120,770	121,064	(24,213)	[5,811]	{2,906}	121,394	(24,279)	[5,827]	{2,913}	121,761	(24,352)	[5,845]	{2,922}
Washtenaw	26,866	26,893	26,920	26,947	27,015	(5,403)	[1,297]	{648}	27,091	(5,418)	[1,300]	{650}	27,177	(5,435)	[1,305]	{652}
Wayne	168,140	168,283	168,425	168,568	168,899	(33,780)	[8,107]	{4,054}	169,265	(33,853)	[8,125]	{4,062}	169,667	(33,933)	[8,144]	{4,072}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at [bryan.koon@iem.com](mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com) or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at [stephanie.tennyson@iem.com](mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com) or 202-309-4257.