

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 7/23/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 7/23/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at lowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

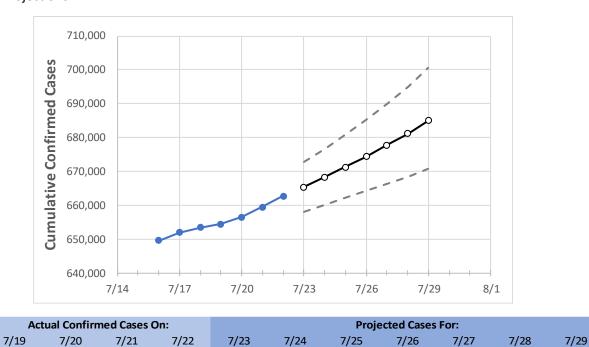
He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

681,191

684,928



Missouri State Projections



668,255

671,296

674,410

677,702

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

665,424

662,692

659,414

Missouri Counties

Missouri

654,368

656,484

	Actua	al Confirm	ned Case	s On:	Projected Cases For:									
	7/19	7/20	7/21	7/22	7/23	7/24	7/25	7/26	7/27	7/28	7/29			
Boone	19,481	19,548	19,647	19,762	19,858	19,959	20,066	20,180	20,299	20,423	20,553			
City of St. Louis	26,171	26,196	26,220	26,336	26,397	26,461	26,528	26,596	26,670	26,749	26,827			
Greene	34,661	34,835	35,155	35,550	35,811	36,083	36,360	36,649	36,941	37,247	37,556			
Jackson (& KC)	88,366	88,610	88,939	89,323	89,658	90,014	90,393	90,790	91,209	91,656	92,131			
St. Charles	44,594	44,664	44,808	44,943	45,060	45,185	45,315	45,456	45,604	45,763	45,932			
St. Louis	104,456	104,806	105,094	105,340	105,599	105,875	106,152	106,462	106,776	107,107	107,457			



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Missouri Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	7/19	7/20	7/21	7/22	7/24				7/26				7/28			
Boone	19,481	19,548	19,647	19,762	19,95	9 (3,992	[958]	{479}	20,18	0 (4,036	[969]	{484}	20,423	3 (4,085)	[980]	{490}
City of St. Louis	26,171	26,196	26,220	26,336	26,461	(5,292)	[1,270]	{635}	26,596	(5,319)	[1,277]	{638}	26,749	(5,350)	[1,284]	{642}
Greene	34,661	34,835	35,155	35,550	36,083	(7,217)	[1,732]	{866}	36,649	(7,330)	[1,759]	{880}	37,247	(7,449)	[1,788]	{894}
Jackson (& KC)	88,366	88,610	88,939	89,323	90,014	(18,003)	[4,321]	{2,160}	90,790	(18,158)	[4,358]	{2,179}	91,656	(18,331)	[4,399]	{2,200}
St. Charles	44,594	44,664	44,808	44,943	45,185	(9,037)	[2,169]	{1,084}	45,456	(9,091)	[2,182]	{1,091}	45,763	(9,153)	[2,197]	{1,098}
St. Louis	104,456	104,806	105,094	105,340	105,875	(21,175)	[5,082]	{2,541}	106,462	(21,292)	[5,110]	{2,555}	107,107	(21,421)	[5,141]	{2,571}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

