

## **IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**

**Date: 7/19/21**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

**We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.**

### **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 7/19/21 9 a.m.

**Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.**

**Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.**

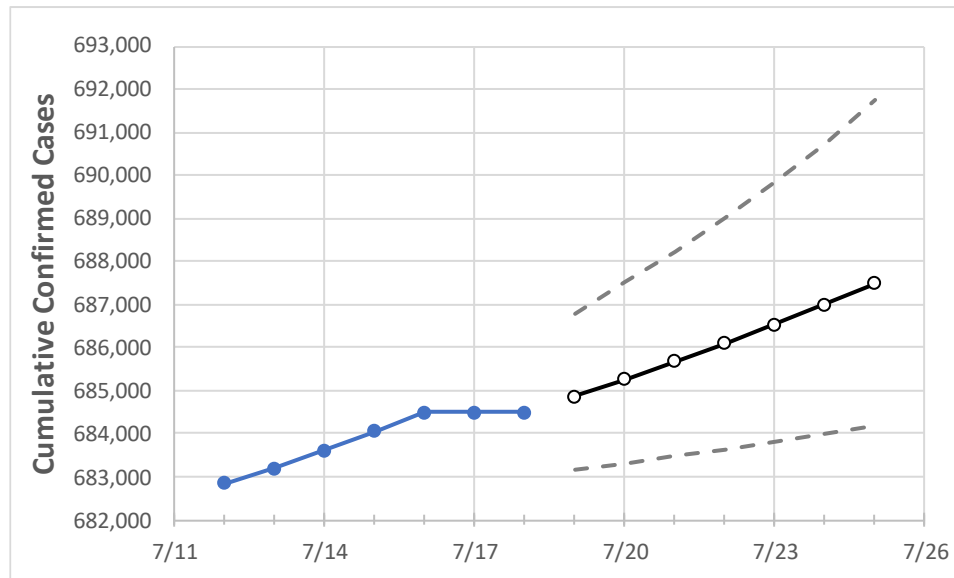
### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

## Virginia State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	7/15	7/16	7/17	7/18	7/19	7/20	7/21	7/22	7/23	7/24	7/25	
Virginia	684,054	684,499	684,499	684,499	684,880	685,264	685,678	686,104	686,536	687,011	687,492	

Note: The Commonwealth's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

## Virginia Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	7/15	7/16	7/17	7/18	7/19	7/20	7/21	7/22	7/23	7/24	7/25	
Alexandria City	11,943	11,950	11,956	11,963	11,970	11,978	11,986	11,994	12,003	12,012	12,022	
Arlington	15,372	15,378	15,383	15,389	15,395	15,401	15,408	15,415	15,422	15,429	15,437	
Fairfax	78,462	78,497	78,532	78,567	78,614	78,664	78,718	78,777	78,839	78,908	78,981	
Henrico	26,087	26,110	26,110	26,110	26,122	26,133	26,144	26,155	26,165	26,174	26,184	
James City	4,707	4,707	4,707	4,707	4,709	4,710	4,712	4,714	4,715	4,717	4,719	
Loudoun	28,207	28,216	28,224	28,233	28,247	28,261	28,276	28,292	28,310	28,328	28,347	
Prince William	51,535	51,555	51,575	51,595	51,618	51,641	51,666	51,692	51,718	51,747	51,777	
Virginia Beach City	36,676	36,714	36,714	36,714	36,751	36,791	36,833	36,878	36,928	36,981	37,037	

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

### Virginia Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	7/15	7/16	7/17	7/18	7/20				7/22				7/24			
Alexandria City	11,943	11,950	11,956	11,963	11,978	(2,396)	[575]	{287}	11,994	(2,399)	[576]	{288}	12,012	(2,402)	[577]	{288}
Arlington	15,372	15,378	15,383	15,389	15,401	(3,080)	[739]	{370}	15,415	(3,083)	[740]	{370}	15,429	(3,086)	[741]	{370}
Fairfax	78,462	78,497	78,532	78,567	78,664	(15,733)	[3,776]	{1,888}	78,777	(15,755)	[3,781]	{1,891}	78,908	(15,782)	[3,788]	{1,894}
Henrico	26,087	26,110	26,110	26,110	26,133	(5,227)	[1,254]	{627}	26,155	(5,231)	[1,255]	{628}	26,174	(5,235)	[1,256]	{628}
James City	4,707	4,707	4,707	4,707	4,710	(942)	[226]	{113}	4,714	(943)	[226]	{113}	4,717	(943)	[226]	{113}
Loudoun	28,207	28,216	28,224	28,233	28,261	(5,652)	[1,357]	{678}	28,292	(5,658)	[1,358]	{679}	28,328	(5,666)	[1,360]	{680}
Prince William	51,535	51,555	51,575	51,595	51,641	(10,328)	[2,479]	{1,239}	51,692	(10,338)	[2,481]	{1,241}	51,747	(10,349)	[2,484]	{1,242}
Virginia Beach City	36,676	36,714	36,714	36,714	36,791	(7,358)	[1,766]	{883}	36,878	(7,376)	[1,770]	{885}	36,981	(7,396)	[1,775]	{888}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at [bryan.koon@iem.com](mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com) or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at [stephanie.tennyson@iem.com](mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com) or 202-309-4257.