

## **IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**

Date: 6/3/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

# **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 6/3/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

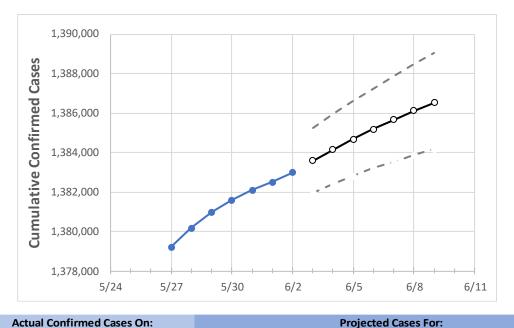
Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at lowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.





## **Illinois State Projections**



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1,381,579 1,382,101 1,382,505 1,382,979 1,383,578 1,384,136 1,384,673 1,385,174 1,385,658 1,386,111 1,386,535 Illinois

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

#### **Illinois Counties**

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	5/30	5/31	6/1	6/2	6/3	6/4	6/5	6/6	6/7	6/8	6/9
Cook	553,474	553,716	553,926	554,124	554,398	554,664	554,912	555,156	555,383	555,593	555,792
DuPage	91,814	91,860	91,893	91,907	91,945	91,980	92,014	92,045	92,074	92,103	92,129
Kane	59,176	59,184	59,196	59,215	59,237	59,258	59,278	59,297	59,315	59,332	59,348
Lake	68,046	68,071	68,090	68,111	68,134	68,156	68,176	68,195	68,213	68,229	68,244
McHenry	29,035	29,057	29,061	29,075	29,091	29,106	29,121	29,134	29,147	29,159	29,171
Will	76,593	76,635	76,648	76,659	76,690	76,718	76,745	76,772	76,796	76,819	76,840



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

#### Illinois Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:			On:	Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:							
	5/30	5/31	6/1	6/2	6/4		6/	6	6/8			
Cook	553,474	553,716	553,926	554,124	554,664 (110,933) [	[26,624] {13,312}	555,156 (111,031)	[26,647] {13,324}	555,593 (111,119)	[26,668] {13,334}		
DuPage	91,814	91,860	91,893	91,907	91,980 (18,396) [	[4,415] {2,208}	92,045 (18,409)	[4,418] {2,209}	92,103 (18,421)	[4,421] {2,210}		
Kane	59,176	59,184	59,196	59,215	59,258 (11,852) [	[2,844] {1,422}	59,297 (11,859)	[2,846] {1,423}	59,332 (11,866)	[2,848] {1,424}		
Lake	68,046	68,071	68,090	68,111	68,156 (13,631) [	[3,271] {1,636}	68,195 (13,639)	[3,273] {1,637}	68,229 (13,646)	[3,275] {1,637}		
McHenry	29,035	29,057	29,061	29,075	29,106 (5,821)	[1,397] {699}	29,134 (5,827)	[1,398] {699}	29,159 (5,832)	[1,400] {700}		
Will	76,593	76,635	76,648	76,659	76,718 (15,344) [	[3,682] {1,841}	76,772 (15,354)	[3,685] {1,843}	76,819 (15,364)	[3,687] {1,844}		

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at <a href="mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com">bryan.koon@iem.com</a> or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at <a href="mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com">stephanie.tennyson@iem.com</a> or 202-309-4257.

