

## **IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**

Date: 6/2/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

# **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 6/2/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

#### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

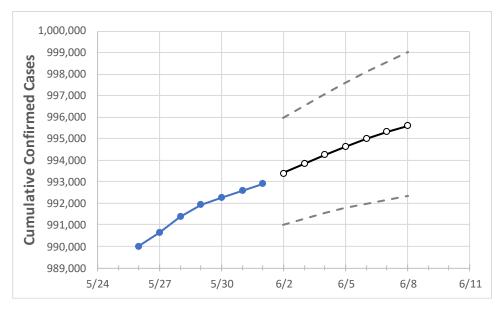
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



## Michigan State Projections



	Ac	tual Confirn	ned Cases (	On:	Projected Cases For:									
	5/29	5/30	5/31	6/1	6/2	6/3	6/4	6/5	6/6	6/7	6/8			
Michigan	991.941	992.269	992.597	992.925	993.399	993.839	994.270	994.642	995.002	995.332	995.609			

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

# **Michigan Counties**

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:					Projected Cases For:									
	5/29	5/30	5/31	6/1	6/2	6/3	6/4	6/5	6/6	6/7	6/8				
Genesee	41,573	41,580	41,586	41,593	41,604	41,616	41,626	41,635	41,644	41,652	41,659				
Ingham	24,732	24,742	24,751	24,761	24,773	24,784	24,794	24,804	24,814	24,823	24,832				
Kent	72,717	72,747	72,777	72,807	72,857	72,905	72,949	72,989	73,025	73,061	73,094				
Livingston	16,615	16,619	16,624	16,628	16,634	16,639	16,644	16,649	16,653	16,657	16,660				
Macomb	99,598	99,624	99,651	99,677	99,722	99,765	99,805	99,843	99,877	99,908	99,937				
Monroe	15,327	15,330	15,333	15,336	15,344	15,352	15,358	15,365	15,371	15,377	15,382				
Oakland	117,787	117,831	117,875	117,919	117,969	118,014	118,057	118,097	118,135	118,169	118,201				
Washtenaw	26,374	26,378	26,382	26,386	26,394	26,401	26,407	26,413	26,419	26,424	26,428				
Wayne	164,185	164,243	164,302	164,360	164,442	164,518	164,588	164,654	164,713	164,768	164,820				



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

#### Michigan Medical Demands by County

	Actua	l Confirm	ned Case	s On:	Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	5/29	5/30	5/31	6/1	6/3					6/	5		6/7			
Genesee	41,573	41,580	41,586	41,593	41,616	(8,323)	[1,998]	{999}	41,635	(8,327)	[1,999]	{999}	41,652	(8,330)	[1,999]	{1,000}
Ingham	24,732	24,742	24,751	24,761	24,784	(4,957)	[1,190]	{595}	24,804	(4,961)	[1,191]	{595}	24,823	(4,965)	[1,191]	{596}
Kent	72,717	72,747	72,777	72,807	72,905 (	14,581)	[3,499]	{1,750}	72,989 (	14,598)	[3,503]	{1,752}	73,061	(14,612)	[3,507]	{1,753}
Livingston	16,615	16,619	16,624	16,628	16,639	(3,328)	[799]	{399}	16,649	(3,330)	[799]	{400}	16,657	7 (3,331)	[800]	{400}
Macomb	99,598	99,624	99,651	99,677	99,765 (	19,953)	[4,789]	{2,394}	99,843 (	19,969)	[4,792]	{2,396}	99,908	(19,982)	[4,796]	{2,398}
Monroe	15,327	15,330	15,333	15,336	15,352	(3,070)	[737]	{368}	15,365	(3,073)	[738]	{369}	15,377	(3,075)	[738]	{369}
Oakland	117,787	117,831	117,875	117,919	118,014	(23,603)	[5,665]	{2,832}	118,097	(23,619)	[5,669]	{2,834}	118,169	(23,634)	[5,672]	{2,836}
Washtenaw	26,374	26,378	26,382	26,386	26,401	(5,280)	[1,267]	{634}	26,413	(5,283)	[1,268]	{634}	26,424	(5,285)	[1,268]	{634}
Wayne	164,185	164,243	164,302	164,360	164,518	(32,904)	[7,897]	{3,948}	164,654	(32,931)	[7,903]	{3,952}	164,768	(32,954)	[7,909]	{3,954}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at <a href="mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com">bryan.koon@iem.com</a> or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at <a href="mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com">stephanie.tennyson@iem.com</a> or 202-309-4257.