

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 5/12/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 5/12/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

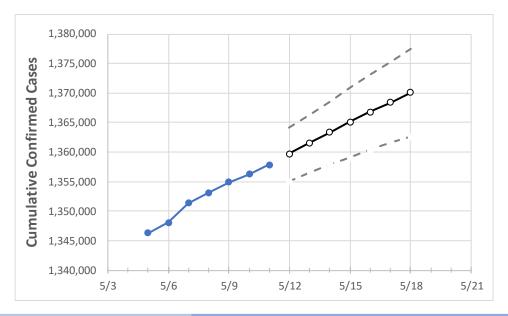
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at lowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Illinois State Projections



Actual Confirmed Cases On: Projected Cases For:

5/8 5/9 5/10 5/11 5/12 5/13 5/14 5/15 5/16 5/17 5/18

Illinois 1,353,125 1,354,869 1,356,299 1,357,843 1,359,748 1,361,595 1,363,386 1,365,121 1,366,813 1,368,454 1,370,127

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Illinois Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	5/8	5/9	5/10	5/11	5/12	5/13	5/14	5/15	5/16	5/17	5/18
Cook	541,692	542,450	543,111	543,658	544,420	545,153	545,891	546,578	547,264	547,951	548,587
DuPage	89,941	90,032	90,140	90,266	90,386	90,502	90,617	90,732	90,839	90,944	91,046
Kane	57,981	58,044	58,123	58,192	58,276	58,354	58,429	58,503	58,574	58,643	58,711
Lake	66,753	66,830	66,904	66,984	67,070	67,156	67,239	67,325	67,406	67,487	67,569
McHenry	28,379	28,413	28,441	28,481	28,520	28,558	28,595	28,630	28,664	28,695	28,726
Will	74,952	75,056	75,162	75,240	75,356	75,468	75,579	75,689	75,799	75,902	76,006



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Illinois Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:			On:	Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:						
	5/8	5/9	5/10	5/11	5/13	5/15	5/17				
Cook	541,692	542,450	543,111	543,658	545,153 (109,031) [26,167] {13,084}	546,578 (109,316) [26,236] {13,118}	547,951 (109,590) [26,302] {13,151}				
DuPage	89,941	90,032	90,140	90,266	90,502 (18,100) [4,344] {2,172}	90,732 (18,146) [4,355] {2,178}	90,944 (18,189) [4,365] {2,183}				
Kane	57,981	58,044	58,123	58,192	58,354 (11,671) [2,801] {1,400}	58,503 (11,701) [2,808] {1,404}	58,643 (11,729) [2,815] {1,407}				
Lake	66,753	66,830	66,904	66,984	67,156 (13,431) [3,224] {1,612}	67,325 (13,465) [3,232] {1,616}	67,487 (13,497) [3,239] {1,620}				
McHenry	28,379	28,413	28,441	28,481	28,558 (5,712) [1,371] {685}	28,630 (5,726) [1,374] {687}	28,695 (5,739) [1,377] {689}				
Will	74,952	75,056	75,162	75,240	75,468 (15,094) [3,622] {1,811}	75,689 (15,138) [3,633] {1,817}	75,902 (15,180) [3,643] {1,822}				

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

