

## **IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**

Date: 2/22/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

# **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 2/22/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

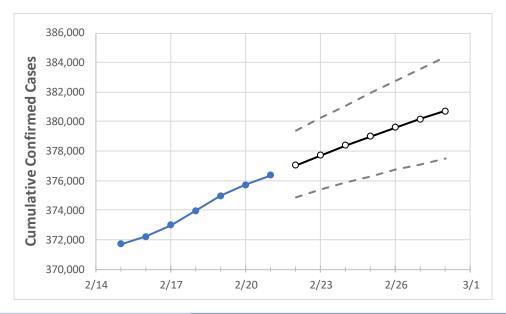
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



### **Maryland State Projections**



	Act	tual Confirn	ned Cases (	On:	Projected Cases For:							
	2/18	2/19	2/20	2/21	2/22	2/23	2/24	2/25	2/26	2/27	2/28	
Maryland	373,966	374,974	375,737	376,355	377,060	377,730	378,382	379,007	379,604	380,175	380,732	

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

# **Maryland Counties**

	Act	ual Confirr	ned Cases	On:	Projected Cases For:						
	2/18	2/19	2/20	2/21	2/22	2/23	2/24	2/25	2/26	2/27	2/28
Anne Arundel	34,860	34,964	35,040	35,094	35,166	35,236	35,303	35,368	35,431	35,490	35,548
Baltimore City	39,633	39,701	39,785	39,839	39,899	39,958	40,013	40,066	40,117	40,168	40,215
<b>Baltimore County</b>	49,762	49,897	49,977	50,063	50,148	50,232	50,312	50,388	50,463	50,537	50,605
Charles	8,686	8,714	8,733	8,751	8,772	8,792	8,811	8,829	8,847	8,864	8,880
Frederick	16,629	16,659	16,691	16,715	16,749	16,781	16,812	16,844	16,874	16,902	16,930
Harford	12,168	12,212	12,262	12,285	12,318	12,351	12,382	12,413	12,442	12,471	12,498
Howard	15,425	15,461	15,505	15,519	15,551	15,582	15,613	15,642	15,671	15,698	15,725
Montgomery	62,234	62,336	62,436	62,523	62,617	62,704	62,788	62,868	62,944	63,018	63,086
Prince George's	71,817	71,993	72,122	72,250	72,387	72,520	72,653	72,777	72,898	73,017	73,133



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

### Maryland Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:					
	2/18	2/19	2/20	2/21	2/23	2/25	2/27			
Anne Arundel	34,860	34,964	35,040	35,094	35,236 (7,047) [1,691] {846}	35,368 (7,074) [1,698] {849}	35,490 (7,098) [1,703] {852}			
Baltimore City	39,633	39,701	39,785	39,839	39,958 (7,992) [1,918] {959}	40,066 (8,013) [1,923] {962}	40,168 (8,034) [1,928] {964}			
<b>Baltimore County</b>	49,762	49,897	49,977	50,063	50,232 (10,046) [2,411] {1,206}	50,388 (10,078) [2,419] {1,209}	50,537 (10,107) [2,426] {1,213}			
Charles	8,686	8,714	8,733	8,751	8,792 (1,758) [422] {211}	8,829 (1,766) [424] {212}	8,864 (1,773) [425] {213}			
Frederick	16,629	16,659	16,691	16,715	16,781 (3,356) [805] {403}	16,844 (3,369) [809] {404}	16,902 (3,380) [811] {406}			
Harford	12,168	12,212	12,262	12,285	12,351 (2,470) [593] {296}	12,413 (2,483) [596] {298}	12,471 (2,494) [599] {299}			
Howard	15,425	15,461	15,505	15,519	15,582 (3,116) [748] {374}	15,642 (3,128) [751] {375}	15,698 (3,140) [754] {377}			
Montgomery	62,234	62,336	62,436	62,523	62,704 (12,541) [3,010] {1,505}	62,868 (12,574) [3,018] {1,509}	63,018 (12,604) [3,025] {1,512}			
Prince George's	71,817	71,993	72,122	72,250	72,520 (14,504) [3,481] {1,740}	72,777 (14,555) [3,493] {1,747}	73,017 (14,603) [3,505] {1,752}			

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at <a href="mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com">bryan.koon@iem.com</a> or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at <a href="mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com">stephanie.tennyson@iem.com</a> or 202-309-4257.

