

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 2/12/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 2/12/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

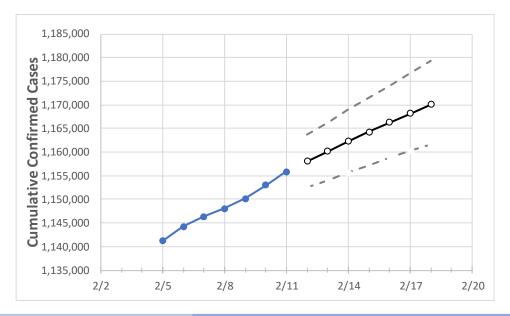
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Illinois State Projections



Illinois 1,148,088 1,150,170 1,152,995 1,155,833 1,158,030 1,160,208 1,162,322 1,164,343 1,166,344 1,168,240 1,170,112

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Illinois Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11	2/12	2/13	2/14	2/15	2/16	2/17	2/18
Cook	461,118	461,757	462,667	463,581	464,301	465,001	465,685	466,334	466,967	467,551	468,131
DuPage	73,832	73,981	74,151	74,406	74,560	74,711	74,856	75,000	75,140	75,277	75,409
Kane	49,098	49,170	49,264	49,376	49,455	49,531	49,604	49,677	49,745	49,809	49,873
Lake	57,226	57,323	57,486	57,637	57,762	57,884	58,005	58,125	58,241	58,354	58,460
McHenry	23,302	23,361	23,429	23,497	23,553	23,607	23,662	23,714	23,765	23,813	23,859
Will	62,566	62,688	62,814	63,022	63,161	63,297	63,428	63,555	63,677	63,795	63,910



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Illinois Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:			On:	Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:						
	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11	2/13	2/15	2/17				
Cook	461,118	461,757	462,667	463,581	465,001 (93,000) [22,320] {11,160}	466,334 (93,267) [22,384] {11,192}	467,551 (93,510) [22,442] {11,221}				
DuPage	73,832	73,981	74,151	74,406	74,711 (14,942) [3,586] {1,793}	75,000 (15,000) [3,600] {1,800}	75,277 (15,055) [3,613] {1,807}				
Kane	49,098	49,170	49,264	49,376	49,531 (9,906) [2,378] {1,189}	49,677 (9,935) [2,384] {1,192}	49,809 (9,962) [2,391] {1,195}				
Lake	57,226	57,323	57,486	57,637	57,884 (11,577) [2,778] {1,389}	58,125 (11,625) [2,790] {1,395}	58,354 (11,671) [2,801] {1,401}				
McHenry	23,302	23,361	23,429	23,497	23,607 (4,721) [1,133] {567}	23,714 (4,743) [1,138] {569}	23,813 (4,763) [1,143] {572}				
Will	62,566	62,688	62,814	63,022	63,297 (12,659) [3,038] {1,519}	63,555 (12,711) [3,051] {1,525}	63,795 (12,759) [3,062] {1,531}				

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

