

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 2/11/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 2/11/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

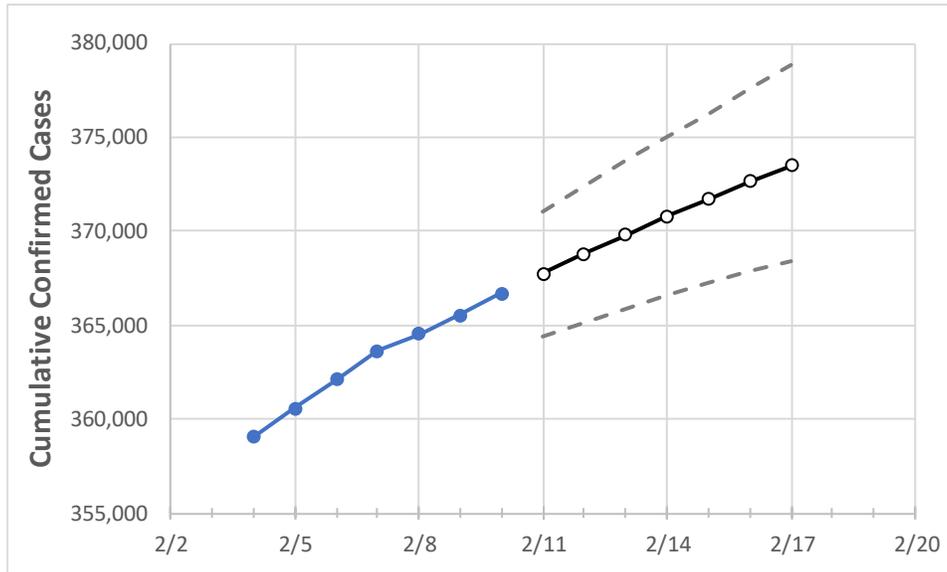
IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

Maryland State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	2/7	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11	2/12	2/13	2/14	2/15	2/16	2/17
Maryland	363,650	364,553	365,529	366,666	367,755	368,806	369,797	370,782	371,726	372,631	373,502

Note: The State’s projection shows a “best estimate” curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Maryland Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	2/7	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11	2/12	2/13	2/14	2/15	2/16	2/17
Anne Arundel	33,812	33,911	33,980	34,096	34,194	34,292	34,383	34,472	34,558	34,642	34,718
Baltimore City	38,733	38,828	38,909	39,025	39,121	39,210	39,300	39,388	39,476	39,558	39,639
Baltimore County	48,477	48,568	48,631	48,800	48,940	49,075	49,203	49,324	49,446	49,562	49,677
Charles	8,357	8,388	8,427	8,464	8,498	8,531	8,563	8,594	8,623	8,651	8,678
Frederick	16,100	16,159	16,190	16,249	16,295	16,339	16,383	16,424	16,463	16,501	16,538
Harford	11,714	11,765	11,791	11,849	11,895	11,940	11,982	12,024	12,063	12,103	12,142
Howard	14,952	14,981	15,037	15,087	15,133	15,178	15,221	15,264	15,307	15,346	15,385
Montgomery	60,633	60,835	61,001	61,160	61,327	61,485	61,641	61,788	61,923	62,055	62,194
Prince George’s	69,779	70,020	70,244	70,465	70,668	70,866	71,057	71,242	71,422	71,594	71,766

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Maryland Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	2/7	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/12			2/14			2/16					
Anne Arundel	33,812	33,911	33,980	34,096	34,292	(6,858)	[1,646]	{823}	34,472	(6,894)	[1,655]	{827}	34,642	(6,928)	[1,663]	{831}
Baltimore City	38,733	38,828	38,909	39,025	39,210	(7,842)	[1,882]	{941}	39,388	(7,878)	[1,891]	{945}	39,558	(7,912)	[1,899]	{949}
Baltimore County	48,477	48,568	48,631	48,800	49,075	(9,815)	[2,356]	{1,178}	49,324	(9,865)	[2,368]	{1,184}	49,562	(9,912)	[2,379]	{1,189}
Charles	8,357	8,388	8,427	8,464	8,531	(1,706)	[410]	{205}	8,594	(1,719)	[412]	{206}	8,651	(1,730)	[415]	{208}
Frederick	16,100	16,159	16,190	16,249	16,339	(3,268)	[784]	{392}	16,424	(3,285)	[788]	{394}	16,501	(3,300)	[792]	{396}
Harford	11,714	11,765	11,791	11,849	11,940	(2,388)	[573]	{287}	12,024	(2,405)	[577]	{289}	12,103	(2,421)	[581]	{290}
Howard	14,952	14,981	15,037	15,087	15,178	(3,036)	[729]	{364}	15,264	(3,053)	[733]	{366}	15,346	(3,069)	[737]	{368}
Montgomery	60,633	60,835	61,001	61,160	61,485	(12,297)	[2,951]	{1,476}	61,788	(12,358)	[2,966]	{1,483}	62,055	(12,411)	[2,979]	{1,489}
Prince George's	69,779	70,020	70,244	70,465	70,866	(14,173)	[3,402]	{1,701}	71,242	(14,248)	[3,420]	{1,710}	71,594	(14,319)	[3,437]	{1,718}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.