

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 2/5/21

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 2/5/21 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

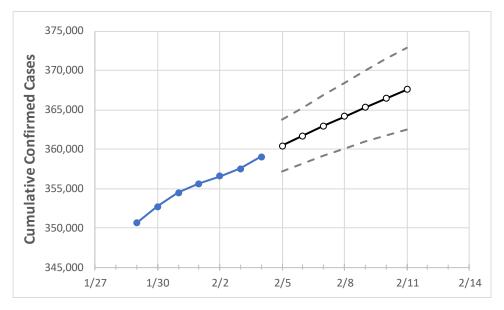
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Maryland State Projections



	Act	tual Confirr	ned Cases (On:	Projected Cases For:							
	2/1	2/2	2/3	2/4	2/5	2/6	2/7	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11	
Maryland	355 636	356 541	357.483	359 037	360 394	361 685	362 945	364 131	365 308	366 444	367.551	

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

Maryland Counties

	Act	ual Confirr	ned Cases	On:	Projected Cases For:						
	2/1	2/2	2/3	2/4	2/5	2/6	2/7	2/8	2/9	2/10	2/11
Anne Arundel	33,044	33,111	33,194	33,362	33,492	33,619	33,741	33,858	33,970	34,077	34,181
Baltimore City	38,024	38,120	38,194	38,311	38,421	38,531	38,636	38,738	38,836	38,931	39,021
Baltimore County	47,502	47,608	47,735	47,890	48,068	48,239	48,402	48,565	48,719	48,872	49,027
Charles	8,087	8,126	8,184	8,184	8,235	8,285	8,333	8,383	8,431	8,480	8,529
Frederick	15,722	15,759	15,845	15,845	15,906	15,970	16,030	16,084	16,144	16,196	16,246
Harford	11,411	11,450	11,481	11,526	11,581	11,636	11,687	11,739	11,789	11,835	11,882
Howard	14,631	14,656	14,704	14,767	14,822	14,875	14,927	14,977	15,028	15,074	15,120
Montgomery	59,292	59,439	59,782	59,782	60,045	60,303	60,548	60,786	61,031	61,266	61,481
Prince George's	68,295	68,490	68,772	68,772	69,032	69,284	69,522	69,756	69,986	70,205	70,426



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Maryland Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:					
	2/1	2/2	2/3	2/4	2/6	2/8	2/10			
Anne Arundel	33,044	33,111	33,194	33,362	33,619 (6,724) [1,614] {807}	33,858 (6,772) [1,625] {813}	34,077 (6,815) [1,636] {818}			
Baltimore City	38,024	38,120	38,194	38,311	38,531 (7,706) [1,850] {925}	38,738 (7,748) [1,859] {930}	38,931 (7,786) [1,869] {934}			
Baltimore County	47,502	47,608	47,735	47,890	48,239 (9,648) [2,315] {1,158}	48,565 (9,713) [2,331] {1,166}	48,872 (9,774) [2,346] {1,173}			
Charles	8,087	8,126	8,184	8,184	8,285 (1,657) [398] {199}	8,383 (1,677) [402] {201}	8,480 (1,696) [407] {204}			
Frederick	15,722	15,759	15,845	15,845	15,970 (3,194) [767] {383}	16,084 (3,217) [772] {386}	16,196 (3,239) [777] {389}			
Harford	11,411	11,450	11,481	11,526	11,636 (2,327) [559] {279}	11,739 (2,348) [563] {282}	11,835 (2,367) [568] {284}			
Howard	14,631	14,656	14,704	14,767	14,875 (2,975) [714] {357}	14,977 (2,995) [719] {359}	15,074 (3,015) [724] {362}			
Montgomery	59,292	59,439	59,782	59,782	60,303 (12,061) [2,895] {1,447}	60,786 (12,157) [2,918] {1,459}	61,266 (12,253) [2,941] {1,470}			
Prince George's	68,295	68,490	68,772	68,772	69,284 (13,857) [3,326] {1,663}	69,756 (13,951) [3,348] {1,674}	70,205 (14,041) [3,370] {1,685}			

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

