

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 12/30/20

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 12/30/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

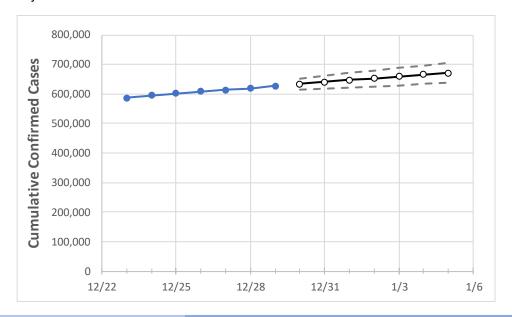
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Pennsylvania State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:					Projected Cases For:						
	12/26	12/27	12/28	12/29	12/30	12/31	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5	
Pennsylvania	608,767	613,272	618,902	627,526	634,260	640,860	647,148	653,414	659,516	665,386	671,144	

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Pennsylvania Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	12/26	12/27	12/28	12/29	12/30	12/31	1/1	1/2	1/3	1/4	1/5
Allegheny	50,859	51,260	51,453	52,473	53,130	53,754	54,381	54,987	55,593	56,174	56,756
Berks	22,024	22,297	22,486	22,758	23,022	23,280	23,534	23,786	24,038	24,283	24,529
Bucks	28,831	29,033	29,244	29,692	29,967	30,255	30,523	30,800	31,063	31,328	31,586
Butler	8,635	8,716	8,760	9,003	9,148	9,294	9,440	9,578	9,719	9,856	9,990
Chester	18,749	18,927	19,104	19,288	19,471	19,654	19,832	20,006	20,172	20,340	20,502
Delaware	27,991	28,182	28,406	28,738	29,004	29,265	29,524	29,781	30,038	30,291	30,548
Lackawanna	8,189	8,301	8,370	8,499	8,627	8,757	8,888	9,021	9,155	9,286	9,418
Lancaster	26,557	26,727	26,957	27,272	27,539	27,812	28,078	28,341	28,598	28,855	29,104
Lehigh	19,071	19,280	19,449	19,701	19,946	20,194	20,437	20,681	20,928	21,164	21,405
Luzerne	16,285	16,437	16,511	16,614	16,760	16,906	17,031	17,158	17,281	17,409	17,518
Monroe	5,687	5,747	5,797	5,900	5,973	6,045	6,118	6,190	6,263	6,333	6,403
Montgomery	34,146	34,422	34,736	35,086	35,476	35,859	36,242	36,616	36,993	37,368	37,739
Northampton	15,679	15,779	15,893	16,084	16,289	16,495	16,697	16,892	17,086	17,280	17,466
Philadelphia	90,658	91,044	91,429	92,354	92,794	93,222	93,646	94,024	94,405	94,753	95,085
Westmoreland	18,131	18,298	18,389	18,855	19,065	19,277	19,482	19,681	19,879	20,065	20,243
York	21,837	22,088	22,293	22,537	22,815	23,078	23,343	23,600	23,864	24,112	24,355



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Pennsylvania Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:				
						` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '			
	12/26	12/27	12/28	12/29	12/31	1/2	1/4		
Allegheny	50,859	51,260	51,453	52,473	53,754 (10,751) [2,580] {1,290}	54,987 (10,997) [2,639] {1,320}	56,174 (11,235) [2,696] {1,348}		
Berks	22,024	22,297	22,486	22,758	23,280 (4,656) [1,117] {559}	23,786 (4,757) [1,142] {571}	24,283 (4,857) [1,166] {583}		
Bucks	28,831	29,033	29,244	29,692	30,255 (6,051) [1,452] {726}	30,800 (6,160) [1,478] {739}	31,328 (6,266) [1,504] {752}		
Butler	8,635	8,716	8,760	9,003	9,294 (1,859) [446] {223}	9,578 (1,916) [460] {230}	9,856 (1,971) [473] {237}		
Chester	18,749	18,927	19,104	19,288	19,654 (3,931) [943] {472}	20,006 (4,001) [960] {480}	20,340 (4,068) [976] {488}		
Delaware	27,991	28,182	28,406	28,738	29,265 (5,853) [1,405] {702}	29,781 (5,956) [1,429] {715}	30,291 (6,058) [1,454] {727}		
Lackawanna	8,189	8,301	8,370	8,499	8,757 (1,751) [420] {210}	9,021 (1,804) [433] {216}	9,286 (1,857) [446] {223}		
Lancaster	26,557	26,727	26,957	27,272	27,812 (5,562) [1,335] {667}	28,341 (5,668) [1,360] {680}	28,855 (5,771) [1,385] {693}		
Lehigh	19,071	19,280	19,449	19,701	20,194 (4,039) [969] {485}	20,681 (4,136) [993] {496}	21,164 (4,233) [1,016] {508}		
Luzerne	16,285	16,437	16,511	16,614	16,906 (3,381) [811] {406}	17,158 (3,432) [824] {412}	17,409 (3,482) [836] {418}		
Monroe	5,687	5,747	5,797	5,900	6,045 (1,209) [290] {145}	6,190 (1,238) [297] {149}	6,333 (1,267) [304] {152}		
Montgomery	34,146	34,422	34,736	35,086	35,859 (7,172) [1,721] {861}	36,616 (7,323) [1,758] {879}	37,368 (7,474) [1,794] {897}		
Northampton	15,679	15,779	15,893	16,084	16,495 (3,299) [792] {396}	16,892 (3,378) [811] {405}	17,280 (3,456) [829] {415}		
Philadelphia	90,658	91,044	91,429	92,354	93,222 (18,644) [4,475] {2,237}	94,024 (18,805) [4,513] {2,257}	94,753 (18,951) [4,548] {2,274}		
Westmoreland	18,131	18,298	18,389	18,855	19,277 (3,855) [925] {463}	19,681 (3,936) [945] {472}	20,065 (4,013) [963] {482}		
York	21,837	22,088	22,293	22,537	23,078 (4,616) [1,108] {554}	23,600 (4,720) [1,133] {566}	24,112 (4,822) [1,157] {579}		

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

