

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 12/9/20

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 12/9/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

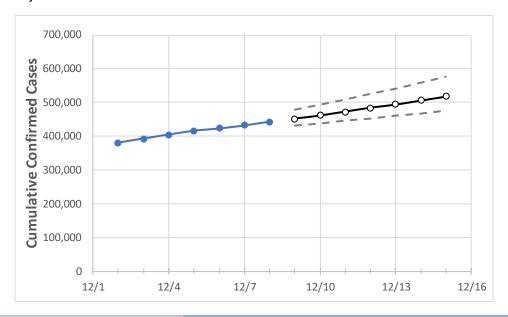
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at lowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Pennsylvania State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	12/5	12/6	12/7	12/8	12/9	12/10	12/11	12/12	12/13	12/14	12/15
Pennsylvania	415,635	423,100	432,207	442,311	452,159	462,304	472,751	483,508	494,582	505,980	517,710

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Pennsylvania Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	12/5	12/6	12/7	12/8	12/9	12/10	12/11	12/12	12/13	12/14	12/15
Allegheny	32,651	33,505	34,121	34,814	35,662	36,533	37,428	38,347	39,291	40,261	41,257
Berks	15,514	15,791	16,049	16,468	16,776	17,099	17,437	17,790	18,159	18,545	18,948
Bucks	20,128	20,619	21,146	21,586	22,119	22,673	23,248	23,846	24,467	25,112	25,781
Butler	5,255	5,368	5,462	5,530	5,639	5,749	5,860	5,971	6,083	6,196	6,309
Chester	13,490	13,733	13,975	14,253	14,543	14,846	15,162	15,492	15,836	16,195	16,570
Delaware	21,953	22,258	22,470	22,761	23,070	23,386	23,709	24,038	24,375	24,718	25,068
Lackawanna	5,729	5,789	5,856	5,947	6,045	6,147	6,253	6,362	6,476	6,594	6,717
Lancaster	18,904	19,182	19,426	19,805	20,194	20,591	20,994	21,405	21,822	22,247	22,680
Lehigh	12,930	13,200	13,455	13,760	14,030	14,308	14,595	14,891	15,195	15,509	15,832
Luzerne	11,071	11,292	11,476	11,747	12,011	12,282	12,562	12,849	13,145	13,450	13,763
Monroe	3,918	4,010	4,072	4,203	4,308	4,418	4,534	4,655	4,782	4,915	5,054
Montgomery	24,495	25,008	25,277	25,825	26,296	26,782	27,283	27,799	28,331	28,878	29,442
Northampton	10,327	10,539	10,767	11,000	11,235	11,477	11,728	11,987	12,255	12,532	12,817
Philadelphia	73,234	74,153	75,073	76,589	77,546	78,513	79,488	80,473	81,467	82,470	83,482
Westmoreland	10,892	11,177	11,414	11,667	11,958	12,255	12,559	12,870	13,187	13,512	13,843
York	13,573	13,845	13,967	14,436	14,803	15,188	15,592	16,015	16,459	16,924	17,411



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Pennsylvania Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:			On:	Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:					
	12/5	12/6	12/7	12/8	12/10	12/12	12/14			
Allegheny	32,651	33,505	34,121	34,814	36,533 (7,307) [1,754] {877}	38,347 (7,669) [1,841] {920}	40,261 (8,052) [1,933] {966}			
Berks	15,514	15,791	16,049	16,468	17,099 (3,420) [821] {410}	17,790 (3,558) [854] {427}	18,545 (3,709) [890] {445}			
Bucks	20,128	20,619	21,146	21,586	22,673 (4,535) [1,088] {544}	23,846 (4,769) [1,145] {572}	25,112 (5,022) [1,205] {603}			
Butler	5,255	5,368	5,462	5,530	5,749 (1,150) [276] {138}	5,971 (1,194) [287] {143}	6,196 (1,239) [297] {149}			
Chester	13,490	13,733	13,975	14,253	14,846 (2,969) [713] {356}	15,492 (3,098) [744] {372}	16,195 (3,239) [777] {389}			
Delaware	21,953	22,258	22,470	22,761	23,386 (4,677) [1,123] {561}	24,038 (4,808) [1,154] {577}	24,718 (4,944) [1,186] {593}			
Lackawanna	5,729	5,789	5,856	5,947	6,147 (1,229) [295] {148}	6,362 (1,272) [305] {153}	6,594 (1,319) [317] {158}			
Lancaster	18,904	19,182	19,426	19,805	20,591 (4,118) [988] {494}	21,405 (4,281) [1,027] {514}	22,247 (4,449) [1,068] {534}			
Lehigh	12,930	13,200	13,455	13,760	14,308 (2,862) [687] {343}	14,891 (2,978) [715] {357}	15,509 (3,102) [744] {372}			
Luzerne	11,071	11,292	11,476	11,747	12,282 (2,456) [590] {295}	12,849 (2,570) [617] {308}	13,450 (2,690) [646] {323}			
Monroe	3,918	4,010	4,072	4,203	4,418 (884) [212] {106}	4,655 (931) [223] {112}	4,915 (983) [236] {118}			
Montgomery	24,495	25,008	25,277	25,825	26,782 (5,356) [1,286] {643}	27,799 (5,560) [1,334] {667}	28,878 (5,776) [1,386] {693}			
Northampton	10,327	10,539	10,767	11,000	11,477 (2,295) [551] {275}	11,987 (2,397) [575] {288}	12,532 (2,506) [602] {301}			
Philadelphia	73,234	74,153	75,073	76,589	78,513 (15,703) [3,769] {1,884}	80,473 (16,095) [3,863] {1,931}	82,470 (16,494) [3,959] {1,979}			
Westmoreland	10,892	11,177	11,414	11,667	12,255 (2,451) [588] {294}	12,870 (2,574) [618] {309}	13,512 (2,702) [649] {324}			
York	13,573	13,845	13,967	14,436	15,188 (3,038) [729] {365}	16,015 (3,203) [769] {384}	16,924 (3,385) [812] {406}			

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

