

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 11/25/20

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 11/25/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

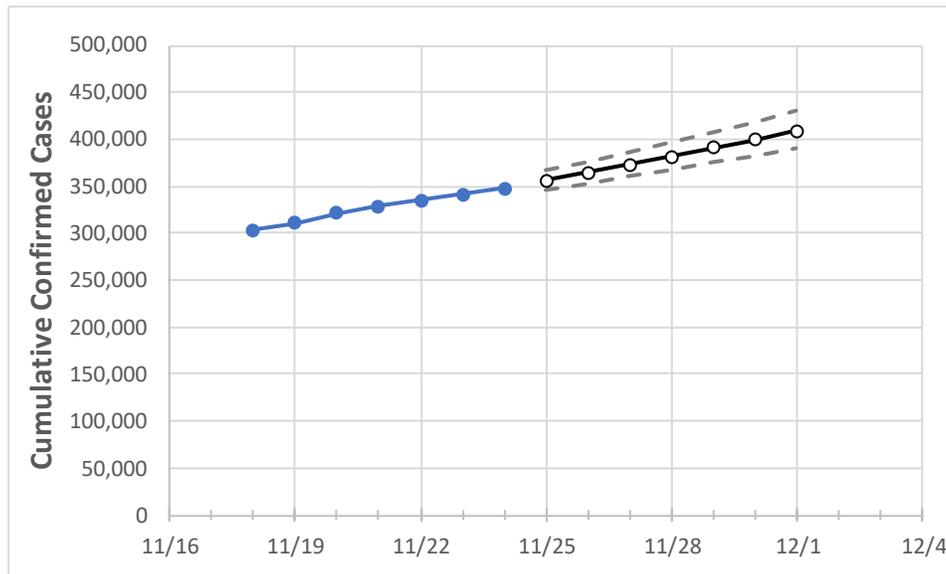
IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

Michigan State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	11/21	11/22	11/23	11/24	11/25	11/26	11/27	11/28	11/29	11/30	12/1
Michigan	329,021	334,993	340,964	347,746	356,056	364,515	373,125	381,888	390,808	399,887	409,126

Note: The State’s projection shows a “best estimate” curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Michigan Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	11/21	11/22	11/23	11/24	11/25	11/26	11/27	11/28	11/29	11/30	12/1
Genesee	12,517	12,774	13,031	13,378	13,774	14,185	14,610	15,051	15,508	15,982	16,472
Ingham	7,733	7,863	7,993	8,159	8,379	8,608	8,847	9,096	9,356	9,626	9,908
Kent	28,334	28,960	29,585	30,078	30,776	31,481	32,193	32,911	33,637	34,369	35,109
Livingston	4,534	4,634	4,734	4,889	5,045	5,207	5,375	5,548	5,728	5,914	6,106
Macomb	31,828	32,349	32,870	33,544	34,307	35,086	35,881	36,693	37,522	38,367	39,230
Monroe	4,351	4,428	4,504	4,740	4,908	5,083	5,267	5,459	5,659	5,869	6,088
Oakland	40,381	40,926	41,470	42,349	43,258	44,191	45,148	46,132	47,142	48,179	49,243
Washtenaw	8,673	8,836	8,999	9,178	9,384	9,596	9,816	10,042	10,275	10,516	10,764
Wayne	57,090	57,720	58,350	59,290	60,321	61,382	62,473	63,596	64,752	65,940	67,163

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Michigan Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	11/21	11/22	11/23	11/24	11/26			11/28			11/30					
Genesee	12,517	12,774	13,031	13,378	14,185	(2,837)	[681]	{340}	15,051	(3,010)	[722]	{361}	15,982	(3,196)	[767]	{384}
Ingham	7,733	7,863	7,993	8,159	8,608	(1,722)	[413]	{207}	9,096	(1,819)	[437]	{218}	9,626	(1,925)	[462]	{231}
Kent	28,334	28,960	29,585	30,078	31,481	(6,296)	[1,511]	{756}	32,911	(6,582)	[1,580]	{790}	34,369	(6,874)	[1,650]	{825}
Livingston	4,534	4,634	4,734	4,889	5,207	(1,041)	[250]	{125}	5,548	(1,110)	[266]	{133}	5,914	(1,183)	[284]	{142}
Macomb	31,828	32,349	32,870	33,544	35,086	(7,017)	[1,684]	{842}	36,693	(7,339)	[1,761]	{881}	38,367	(7,673)	[1,842]	{921}
Monroe	4,351	4,428	4,504	4,740	5,083	(1,017)	[244]	{122}	5,459	(1,092)	[262]	{131}	5,869	(1,174)	[282]	{141}
Oakland	40,381	40,926	41,470	42,349	44,191	(8,838)	[2,121]	{1,061}	46,132	(9,226)	[2,214]	{1,107}	48,179	(9,636)	[2,313]	{1,156}
Washtenaw	8,673	8,836	8,999	9,178	9,596	(1,919)	[461]	{230}	10,042	(2,008)	[482]	{241}	10,516	(2,103)	[505]	{252}
Wayne	57,090	57,720	58,350	59,290	61,382	(12,276)	[2,946]	{1,473}	63,596	(12,719)	[3,053]	{1,526}	65,940	(13,188)	[3,165]	{1,583}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.