

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**Date: 11/6/20**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 11/6/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

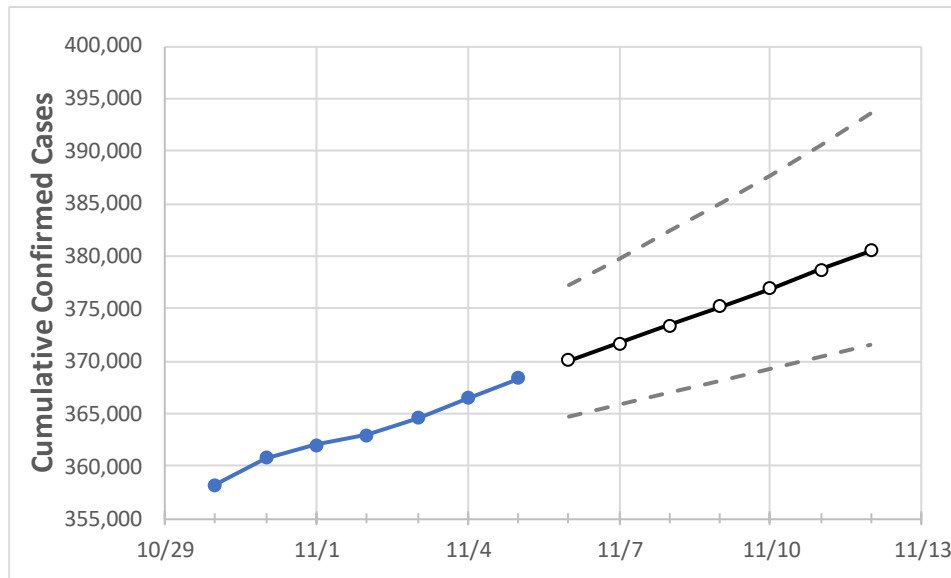
IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

Georgia State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7	11/8	11/9	11/10	11/11	11/12
Georgia	362,921	364,589	366,452	368,368	370,033	371,721	373,431	375,165	376,921	378,702	380,506

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Georgia Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7	11/8	11/9	11/10	11/11	11/12
Bartow	3,717	3,741	3,774	3,803	3,816	3,828	3,840	3,852	3,863	3,875	3,886
Carroll	3,442	3,458	3,490	3,506	3,521	3,536	3,552	3,567	3,582	3,597	3,612
Cherokee	7,386	7,441	7,498	7,536	7,580	7,625	7,671	7,717	7,764	7,812	7,860
Clarke	5,877	5,901	5,917	5,951	5,972	5,994	6,016	6,038	6,061	6,083	6,106
Clayton	8,485	8,532	8,586	8,624	8,665	8,706	8,747	8,788	8,828	8,869	8,909
Cobb	22,430	22,587	22,709	22,836	22,928	23,021	23,116	23,213	23,312	23,412	23,514
DeKalb	21,744	21,882	22,109	22,261	22,390	22,523	22,658	22,798	22,941	23,088	23,239
Dougherty	3,320	3,321	3,322	3,329	3,331	3,333	3,335	3,337	3,339	3,341	3,343
Douglas	4,215	4,237	4,270	4,302	4,320	4,338	4,356	4,374	4,393	4,412	4,431
Fulton	31,843	31,971	32,134	32,328	32,473	32,620	32,769	32,920	33,073	33,228	33,384
Gwinnett	31,348	31,473	31,647	31,787	31,936	32,088	32,245	32,405	32,569	32,737	32,909
Hall	10,871	10,929	10,999	11,065	11,099	11,133	11,167	11,201	11,235	11,269	11,304
Henry	6,425	6,447	6,504	6,568	6,607	6,647	6,688	6,728	6,770	6,811	6,854
Lee	759	760	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Georgia Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/7				11/9				11/11			
Bartow	3,717	3,741	3,774	3,803	3,828	(766)	[184]	{92}	3,852	(770)	[185]	{92}	3,875	(775)	[186]	{93}
Carroll	3,442	3,458	3,490	3,506	3,536	(707)	[170]	{85}	3,567	(713)	[171]	{86}	3,597	(719)	[173]	{86}
Cherokee	7,386	7,441	7,498	7,536	7,625	(1,525)	[366]	{183}	7,717	(1,543)	[370]	{185}	7,812	(1,562)	[375]	{187}
Clarke	5,877	5,901	5,917	5,951	5,994	(1,199)	[288]	{144}	6,038	(1,208)	[290]	{145}	6,083	(1,217)	[292]	{146}
Clayton	8,485	8,532	8,586	8,624	8,706	(1,741)	[418]	{209}	8,788	(1,758)	[422]	{211}	8,869	(1,774)	[426]	{213}
Cobb	22,430	22,587	22,709	22,836	23,021	(4,604)	[1,105]	{553}	23,213	(4,643)	[1,114]	{557}	23,412	(4,682)	[1,124]	{562}
DeKalb	21,744	21,882	22,109	22,261	22,523	(4,505)	[1,081]	{541}	22,798	(4,560)	[1,094]	{547}	23,088	(4,618)	[1,108]	{554}
Dougherty	3,320	3,321	3,322	3,329	3,333	(667)	[160]	{80}	3,337	(667)	[160]	{80}	3,341	(668)	[160]	{80}
Douglas	4,215	4,237	4,270	4,302	4,338	(868)	[208]	{104}	4,374	(875)	[210]	{105}	4,412	(882)	[212]	{106}
Fulton	31,843	31,971	32,134	32,328	32,620	(6,524)	[1,566]	{783}	32,920	(6,584)	[1,580]	{790}	33,228	(6,646)	[1,595]	{797}
Gwinnett	31,348	31,473	31,647	31,787	32,088	(6,418)	[1,540]	{770}	32,405	(6,481)	[1,555]	{778}	32,737	(6,547)	[1,571]	{786}
Hall	10,871	10,929	10,999	11,065	11,133	(2,227)	[534]	{267}	11,201	(2,240)	[538]	{269}	11,269	(2,254)	[541]	{270}
Henry	6,425	6,447	6,504	6,568	6,647	(1,329)	[319]	{160}	6,728	(1,346)	[323]	{161}	6,811	(1,362)	[327]	{163}
Lee	759	760	760	761	763	(153)	[37]	{18}	765	(153)	[37]	{18}	767	(153)	[37]	{18}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.