

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections**Date: 11/4/20**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 11/4/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

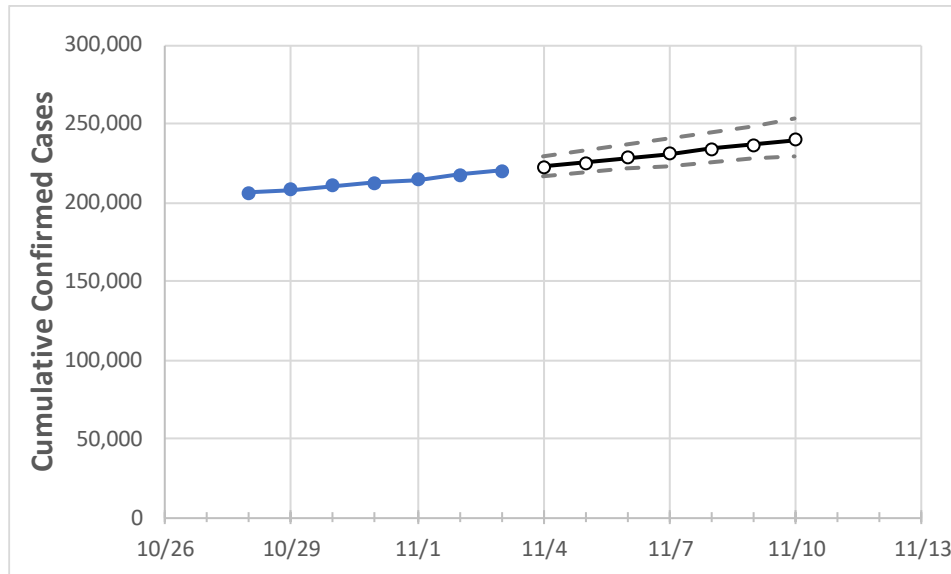
IEM's Modeling Lead

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

Pennsylvania State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7	11/8	11/9	11/10	
Pennsylvania	212,791	214,416	217,243	220,074	222,647	225,296	228,026	230,837	233,733	236,716	239,789	

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Pennsylvania Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4	11/5	11/6	11/7	11/8	11/9	11/10
Allegheny	15,796	15,940	16,060	16,210	16,364	16,521	16,682	16,845	17,012	17,183	17,356
Berks	9,562	9,648	9,735	9,860	9,973	10,089	10,206	10,326	10,449	10,574	10,701
Bucks	10,445	10,513	10,585	10,679	10,769	10,863	10,961	11,063	11,169	11,280	11,395
Butler	1,840	1,892	1,961	1,996	2,047	2,101	2,157	2,217	2,279	2,345	2,414
Chester	8,252	8,307	8,361	8,361	8,418	8,477	8,537	8,598	8,661	8,725	8,791
Delaware	13,888	14,001	14,081	14,219	14,355	14,496	14,644	14,798	14,958	15,126	15,300
Lackawanna	3,846	3,875	3,901	3,936	3,970	4,004	4,037	4,069	4,102	4,133	4,165
Lancaster	9,877	9,929	10,033	10,164	10,270	10,380	10,495	10,614	10,740	10,870	11,006
Lehigh	6,811	6,863	6,944	7,027	7,113	7,205	7,302	7,405	7,515	7,632	7,756
Luzerne	5,545	5,624	5,674	5,727	5,806	5,886	5,970	6,055	6,143	6,233	6,326
Monroe	2,069	2,081	2,092	2,131	2,146	2,163	2,180	2,198	2,217	2,237	2,258
Montgomery	14,301	14,421	14,498	14,629	14,772	14,924	15,084	15,253	15,432	15,621	15,821
Northampton	5,568	5,619	5,655	5,700	5,755	5,811	5,871	5,932	5,996	6,062	6,131
Philadelphia	44,820	45,136	45,451	46,093	46,546	47,015	47,503	48,008	48,532	49,075	49,639
Westmoreland	4,472	4,538	4,601	4,671	4,739	4,807	4,875	4,942	5,008	5,075	5,140
York	6,716	6,742	6,798	6,881	6,949	7,018	7,088	7,159	7,230	7,303	7,376

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Pennsylvania Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/5				11/7				11/9			
Allegheny	15,796	15,940	16,060	16,210	16,521	(3,304)	[793]	{397}	16,845	(3,369)	[809]	{404}	17,183	(3,437)	[825]	{412}
Berks	9,562	9,648	9,735	9,860	10,089	(2,018)	[484]	{242}	10,326	(2,065)	[496]	{248}	10,574	(2,115)	[508]	{254}
Bucks	10,445	10,513	10,585	10,679	10,863	(2,173)	[521]	{261}	11,063	(2,213)	[531]	{266}	11,280	(2,256)	[541]	{271}
Butler	1,840	1,892	1,961	1,996	2,101	(420)	[101]	{50}	2,217	(443)	[106]	{53}	2,345	(469)	[113]	{56}
Chester	8,252	8,307	8,361	8,361	8,477	(1,695)	[407]	{203}	8,598	(1,720)	[413]	{206}	8,725	(1,745)	[419]	{209}
Delaware	13,888	14,001	14,081	14,219	14,496	(2,899)	[696]	{348}	14,798	(2,960)	[710]	{355}	15,126	(3,025)	[726]	{363}
Lackawanna	3,846	3,875	3,901	3,936	4,004	(801)	[192]	{96}	4,069	(814)	[195]	{98}	4,133	(827)	[198]	{99}
Lancaster	9,877	9,929	10,033	10,164	10,380	(2,076)	[498]	{249}	10,614	(2,123)	[509]	{255}	10,870	(2,174)	[522]	{261}
Lehigh	6,811	6,863	6,944	7,027	7,205	(1,441)	[346]	{173}	7,405	(1,481)	[355]	{178}	7,632	(1,526)	[366]	{183}
Luzerne	5,545	5,624	5,674	5,727	5,886	(1,177)	[283]	{141}	6,055	(1,211)	[291]	{145}	6,233	(1,247)	[299]	{150}
Monroe	2,069	2,081	2,092	2,131	2,163	(433)	[104]	{52}	2,198	(440)	[105]	{53}	2,237	(447)	[107]	{54}
Montgomery	14,301	14,421	14,498	14,629	14,924	(2,985)	[716]	{358}	15,253	(3,051)	[732]	{366}	15,621	(3,124)	[750]	{375}
Northampton	5,568	5,619	5,655	5,700	5,811	(1,162)	[279]	{139}	5,932	(1,186)	[285]	{142}	6,062	(1,212)	[291]	{145}
Philadelphia	44,820	45,136	45,451	46,093	47,015	(9,403)	[2,257]	{1,128}	48,008	(9,602)	[2,304]	{1,152}	49,075	(9,815)	[2,356]	{1,178}
Westmoreland	4,472	4,538	4,601	4,671	4,807	(961)	[231]	{115}	4,942	(988)	[237]	{119}	5,075	(1,015)	[244]	{122}
York	6,716	6,742	6,798	6,881	7,018	(1,404)	[337]	{168}	7,159	(1,432)	[344]	{172}	7,303	(1,461)	[351]	{175}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.