

**IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections****Date: 10/29/20**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

**We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.**

**AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 10/29/20 9 a.m.

**Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.**

**Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.**

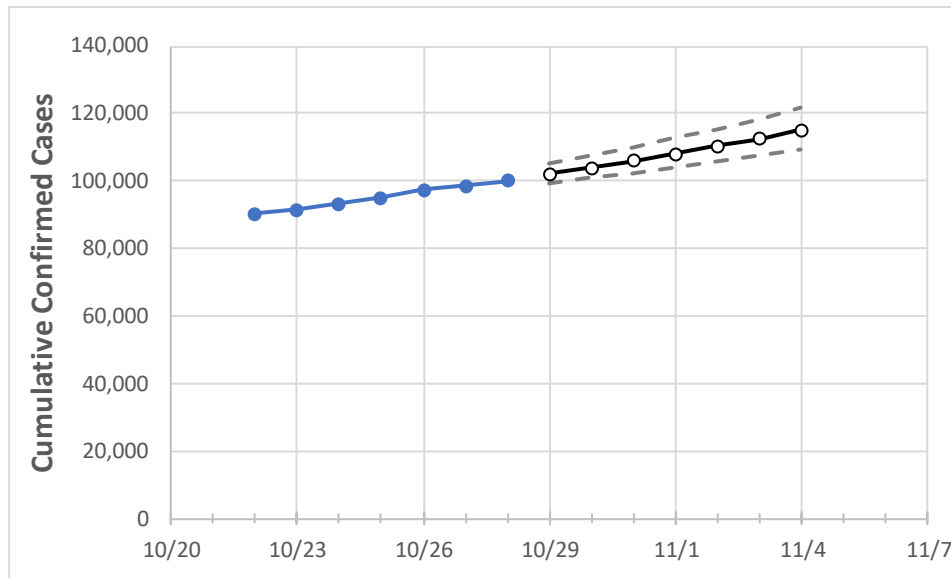
**IEM's Modeling Lead**

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

## Colorado State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	10/25	10/26	10/27	10/28	10/29	10/30	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4
Colorado	95,066	97,277	98,710	100,185	102,035	103,967	105,985	108,092	110,291	112,586	114,982

*Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.*

## Colorado Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	10/25	10/26	10/27	10/28	10/29	10/30	10/31	11/1	11/2	11/3	11/4
Adams	13,344	13,724	13,945	14,173	14,452	14,742	15,043	15,356	15,682	16,020	16,372
Arapahoe	12,147	12,481	12,654	12,810	13,010	13,219	13,438	13,665	13,903	14,151	14,410
Boulder	5,394	5,454	5,501	5,651	5,715	5,781	5,850	5,922	5,996	6,073	6,154
Denver	17,407	17,787	18,037	18,256	18,527	18,809	19,101	19,405	19,719	20,046	20,385
Douglas	3,708	3,868	3,943	4,008	4,085	4,166	4,250	4,339	4,432	4,529	4,631
Eagle	1,414	1,426	1,428	1,447	1,455	1,464	1,473	1,483	1,493	1,504	1,515
El Paso	9,739	9,898	10,056	10,159	10,379	10,610	10,852	11,107	11,375	11,656	11,952
Gunnison	306	306	307	307	308	308	309	310	311	311	312
Jefferson	8,071	8,333	8,464	8,608	8,782	8,965	9,157	9,359	9,572	9,795	10,029
Larimer	3,930	4,013	4,071	4,105	4,169	4,234	4,299	4,366	4,433	4,501	4,571
Pueblo	1,904	1,982	2,047	2,096	2,160	2,227	2,299	2,376	2,458	2,545	2,637
Weld	5,895	6,004	6,065	6,122	6,208	6,298	6,393	6,493	6,599	6,710	6,827

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

### Colorado Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	10/25	10/26	10/27	10/28	10/30				11/1				11/3			
Adams	13,344	13,724	13,945	14,173	14,742	(2,948)	[708]	{354}	15,356	(3,071)	[737]	{369}	16,020	(3,204)	[769]	{384}
Arapahoe	12,147	12,481	12,654	12,810	13,219	(2,644)	[635]	{317}	13,665	(2,733)	[656]	{328}	14,151	(2,830)	[679]	{340}
Boulder	5,394	5,454	5,501	5,651	5,781	(1,156)	[277]	{139}	5,922	(1,184)	[284]	{142}	6,073	(1,215)	[292]	{146}
Denver	17,407	17,787	18,037	18,256	18,809	(3,762)	[903]	{451}	19,405	(3,881)	[931]	{466}	20,046	(4,009)	[962]	{481}
Douglas	3,708	3,868	3,943	4,008	4,166	(833)	[200]	{100}	4,339	(868)	[208]	{104}	4,529	(906)	[217]	{109}
Eagle	1,414	1,426	1,428	1,447	1,464	(293)	[70]	{35}	1,483	(297)	[71]	{36}	1,504	(301)	[72]	{36}
El Paso	9,739	9,898	10,056	10,159	10,610	(2,122)	[509]	{255}	11,107	(2,221)	[533]	{267}	11,656	(2,331)	[560]	{280}
Gunnison	306	306	307	307	308	(62)	[15]	{7}	310	(62)	[15]	{7}	311	(62)	[15]	{7}
Jefferson	8,071	8,333	8,464	8,608	8,965	(1,793)	[430]	{215}	9,359	(1,872)	[449]	{225}	9,795	(1,959)	[470]	{235}
Larimer	3,930	4,013	4,071	4,105	4,234	(847)	[203]	{102}	4,366	(873)	[210]	{105}	4,501	(900)	[216]	{108}
Pueblo	1,904	1,982	2,047	2,096	2,227	(445)	[107]	{53}	2,376	(475)	[114]	{57}	2,545	(509)	[122]	{61}
Weld	5,895	6,004	6,065	6,122	6,298	(1,260)	[302]	{151}	6,493	(1,299)	[312]	{156}	6,710	(1,342)	[322]	{161}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at [bryan.koon@iem.com](mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com) or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at [stephanie.tennyson@iem.com](mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com) or 202-309-4257.