

IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections

Date: 10/22/20

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

AI-based Model Background

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 10/22/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

IEM's Modeling Lead

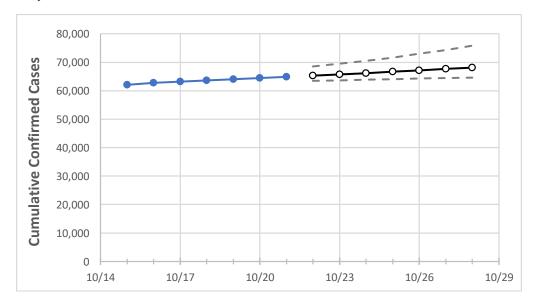
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



Connecticut State Projections



	Actu	ıal Confirr	med Cases	on:			Proje	cted Case	s For:		
	10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	10/27	10/28
ecticut	63,624	64,021	64,455	64,871	65,288	65,721	66,169	66,635	67,118	67,619	68,138

Connecticut

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

Connecticut Counties

			10 0									
		Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
		10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/22	10/23	10/24	10/25	10/26	10/27	10/28
	Fairfield	21,572	21,674	21,754	21,898	21,998	22,102	22,212	22,327	22,448	22,576	22,709
	Hartford	16,470	16,568	16,717	16,795	16,902	17,012	17,125	17,240	17,358	17,479	17,603
	Litchfield	2,019	2,033	2,051	2,064	2,075	2,087	2,099	2,113	2,127	2,141	2,157
	Middlesex	1,791	1,809	1,830	1,838	1,857	1,877	1,898	1,920	1,944	1,969	1,996
	New Haven	15,605	15,680	15,792	15,876	15,984	16,099	16,222	16,351	16,488	16,634	16,789
	Tolland	1,588	1,600	1,617	1,638	1,646	1,655	1,663	1,672	1,681	1,690	1,699



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

Connecticut Medical Demands by County

Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:						
10/18	10/19	10/20	10/21	10/23	10/25	10/27				
21,572	21,674	21,754	21,898	22,102 (4,420) [1,061] {530}	22,327 (4,465) [1,072] {536}	22,576 (4,515) [1,084] {542}				
16,470	16,568	16,717	16,795	17,012 (3,402) [817] {408}	17,240 (3,448) [828] {414}	17,479 (3,496) [839] {419}				
2,019	2,033	2,051	2,064	2,087 (417) [100] {50}	2,113 (423) [101] {51}	2,141 (428) [103] {51}				
1,791	1,809	1,830	1,838	1,877 (375) [90] {45}	1,920 (384) [92] {46}	1,969 (394) [95] {47}				
15,605	15,680	15,792	15,876	16,099 (3,220) [773] {386}	16,351 (3,270) [785] {392}	16,634 (3,327) [798] {399}				
1,588	1,600	1,617	1,638	1,655 (331) [79] {40}	1,672 (334) [80] {40}	1,690 (338) [81] {41}				
	10/18 21,572 16,470 2,019 1,791 15,605	10/18 10/19 21,572 21,674 16,470 16,568 2,019 2,033 1,791 1,809 15,605 15,680	10/18 10/19 10/20 21,572 21,674 21,754 16,470 16,568 16,717 2,019 2,033 2,051 1,791 1,809 1,830 15,605 15,680 15,792	10/18 10/19 10/20 10/21 21,572 21,674 21,754 21,898 16,470 16,568 16,717 16,795 2,019 2,033 2,051 2,064 1,791 1,809 1,830 1,838 15,605 15,680 15,792 15,876	10/18 10/19 10/20 10/21 10/23 21,572 21,674 21,754 21,898 22,102 (4,420) [1,061] {530} 16,470 16,568 16,717 16,795 17,012 (3,402) [817] {408} 2,019 2,033 2,051 2,064 2,087 (417) [100] {50} 1,791 1,809 1,830 1,838 1,877 (375) [90] {45} 15,605 15,680 15,792 15,876 16,099 (3,220) [773] {386}	10/18 10/19 10/20 10/21 10/23 10/25 21,572 21,674 21,754 21,898 22,102 (4,420) [1,061] {530} 22,327 (4,465) [1,072] {536} 16,470 16,568 16,717 16,795 17,012 (3,402) [817] {408} 17,240 (3,448) [828] {414} 2,019 2,033 2,051 2,064 2,087 (417) [100] {50} 2,113 (423) [101] {51} 1,791 1,809 1,830 1,838 1,877 (375) [90] {45} 1,920 (384) [92] {46} 15,605 15,680 15,792 15,876 16,099 (3,220) [773] {386} 16,351 (3,270) [785] {392}				

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at bryan.koon@iem.com or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at stephanie.tennyson@iem.com or 202-309-4257.

