

**IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections** 

Date: 10/8/20

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.

# **AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do <u>not</u> assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 10/8/20 9 a.m.

Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.

Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.

#### **IEM's Modeling Lead**

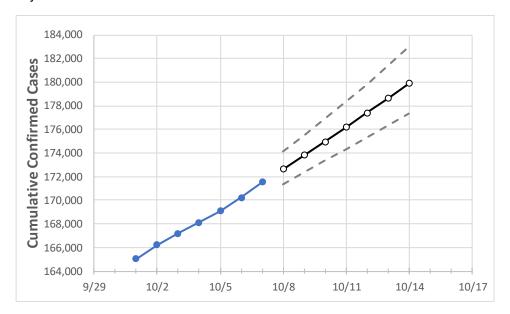
Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.



# Pennsylvania State Projections



 Actual Confirmed Cases On:
 Projected Cases For:

 10/4
 10/5
 10/6
 10/7
 10/8
 10/9
 10/10
 10/11
 10/12
 10/13
 10/14

Pennsylvania

168,126 169,101 170,224 171,527 172,655 173,805 174,978 176,174 177,394 178,639 179,908

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

# **Pennsylvania Counties**

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:						
	10/4	10/5	10/6	10/7	10/8	10/9	10/10	10/11	10/12	10/13	10/14
Allegheny	12,731	12,777	12,854	12,897	12,966	13,035	13,105	13,174	13,244	13,313	13,383
Berks	7,351	7,378	7,420	7,489	7,527	7,566	7,606	7,645	7,686	7,726	7,767
Bucks	9,037	9,066	9,086	9,136	9,171	9,206	9,241	9,276	9,311	9,347	9,382
Butler	1,128	1,136	1,150	1,175	1,186	1,198	1,210	1,223	1,236	1,249	1,263
Chester	7,103	7,135	7,155	7,202	7,234	7,265	7,295	7,326	7,356	7,385	7,414
Delaware	11,716	11,746	11,772	11,857	11,898	11,940	11,982	12,024	12,067	12,110	12,154
Lackawanna	2,713	2,731	2,747	2,769	2,798	2,828	2,860	2,893	2,928	2,965	3,003
Lancaster	8,195	8,218	8,257	8,317	8,363	8,409	8,455	8,503	8,551	8,600	8,649
Lehigh	5,770	5,781	5,805	5,850	5,875	5,901	5,927	5,955	5,983	6,012	6,041
Luzerne	4,193	4,209	4,222	4,252	4,269	4,286	4,304	4,322	4,341	4,361	4,381
Monroe	1,826	1,829	1,831	1,846	1,851	1,856	1,861	1,866	1,871	1,877	1,883
Montgomery	12,499	12,517	12,543	12,591	12,627	12,663	12,699	12,735	12,771	12,807	12,843
Northampton	4,597	4,606	4,638	4,684	4,704	4,725	4,747	4,769	4,792	4,816	4,840
Philadelphia	37,705	37,807	38,083	38,264	38,427	38,595	38,769	38,949	39,135	39,327	39,526
Westmoreland	2,416	2,461	2,500	2,539	2,578	2,620	2,664	2,710	2,758	2,810	2,864
York	5,107	5,125	5,171	5,239	5,277	5,315	5,352	5,390	5,427	5,465	5,502



Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- Beds: For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report (MMWR, March 18, 2020) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- ICU: The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- Ventilators: Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

#### Pennsylvania Medical Demands by County

	Actu	Actual Confirmed Cases On:			Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:					
	10/4	10/5	10/6	10/7	10/9	10/11	10/13			
Allegheny	12,731	12,777	12,854	12,897	13,035 (2,607) [626] {313}	13,174 (2,635) [632] {316}	13,313 (2,663) [639] {320}			
Berks	7,351	7,378	7,420	7,489	7,566 (1,513) [363] {182}	7,645 (1,529) [367] {183}	7,726 (1,545) [371] {185}			
Bucks	9,037	9,066	9,086	9,136	9,206 (1,841) [442] {221}	9,276 (1,855) [445] {223}	9,347 (1,869) [449] {224}			
Butler	1,128	1,136	1,150	1,175	1,198 (240) [58] {29}	1,223 (245) [59] {29}	1,249 (250) [60] {30}			
Chester	7,103	7,135	7,155	7,202	7,265 (1,453) [349] {174}	7,326 (1,465) [352] {176}	7,385 (1,477) [354] {177}			
Delaware	11,716	11,746	11,772	11,857	11,940 (2,388) [573] {287}	12,024 (2,405) [577] {289}	12,110 (2,422) [581] {291}			
Lackawanna	2,713	2,731	2,747	2,769	2,828 (566) [136] {68}	2,893 (579) [139] {69}	2,965 (593) [142] {71}			
Lancaster	8,195	8,218	8,257	8,317	8,409 (1,682) [404] {202}	8,503 (1,701) [408] {204}	8,600 (1,720) [413] {206}			
Lehigh	5,770	5,781	5,805	5,850	5,901 (1,180) [283] {142}	5,955 (1,191) [286] {143}	6,012 (1,202) [289] {144}			
Luzerne	4,193	4,209	4,222	4,252	4,286 (857) [206] {103}	4,322 (864) [207] {104}	4,361 (872) [209] {105}			
Monroe	1,826	1,829	1,831	1,846	1,856 (371) [89] {45}	1,866 (373) [90] {45}	1,877 (375) [90] {45}			
Montgomery	12,499	12,517	12,543	12,591	12,663 (2,533) [608] {304}	12,735 (2,547) [611] {306}	12,807 (2,561) [615] {307}			
Northampton	4,597	4,606	4,638	4,684	4,725 (945) [227] {113}	4,769 (954) [229] {114}	4,816 (963) [231] {116}			
Philadelphia	37,705	37,807	38,083	38,264	38,595 (7,719) [1,853] {926}	38,949 (7,790) [1,870] {935}	39,327 (7,865) [1,888] {944}			
Westmoreland	2,416	2,461	2,500	2,539	2,620 (524) [126] {63}	2,710 (542) [130] {65}	2,810 (562) [135] {67}			
York	5,107	5,125	5,171	5,239	5,315 (1,063) [255] {128}	5,390 (1,078) [259] {129}	5,465 (1,093) [262] {131}			

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at <a href="mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com">bryan.koon@iem.com</a> or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at <a href="mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com">stephanie.tennyson@iem.com</a> or 202-309-4257.

