

**IEM's AI Modeling: Short-term COVID-19 Projections****Date: 10/2/20**

Leveraging over 15 years of support to HHS for medical consequence modeling and our proprietary artificial intelligence (AI) models, IEM believes that our Coronavirus model outputs can be used to assist localities and their medical facilities to better prepare for an increase in hospitalizations, to better plan for and locate drive-through testing facilities, and to determine where increased levels of transmission may be occurring.

**We have been refining our AI model over the past month and are confident in its ability to provide accurate 7-day projections that can be used for operational and logistical planning.**

**AI-based Model Background**

IEM is currently using an AI model to fit data from various sources and project new cases of COVID-19. We do not assume the average number of secondary infections (R-value) stays the same over time. IEM's AI model finds the best R-value over time to evaluate how it changes over the course of the outbreak. The IEM modeling team is running ~11 million simulations to fit each state's data and using the best fit for the R-value to project new cases over the next 7 days. The AI models are executed on a daily basis to evaluate the changing dynamics of the COVID-19 pandemic. Our projections have typically been within 10%, and are often within 5%, of actual confirmed cases.

The projections shown in this document are based on data pulled in as of 10/2/20 9 a.m.

**Please provide any feedback or send any questions that you might have to us. We are continually updating and improving the model, so your feedback is critical.**

**Also, if you have more current or refined data for your State, Commonwealth or Territory that you would like IEM to factor in, please let us know.**

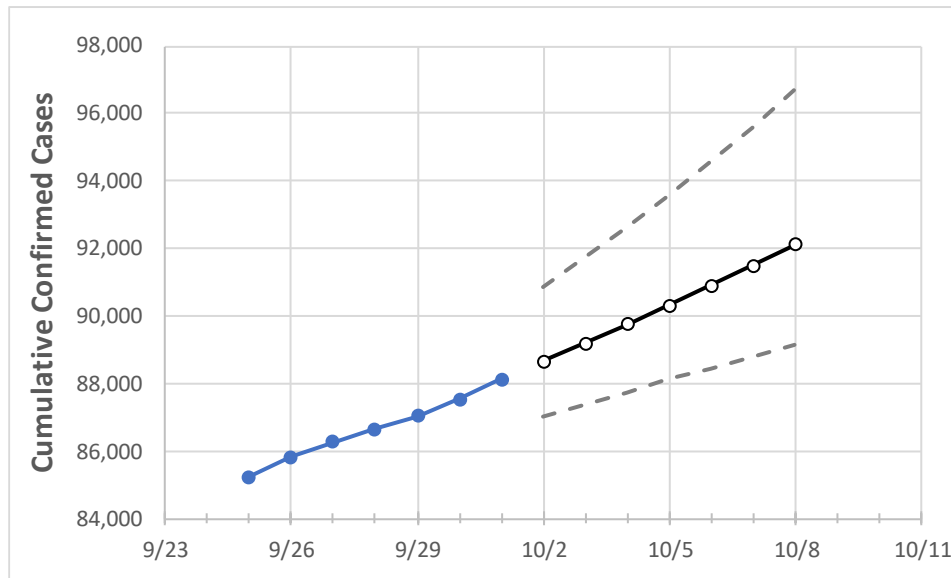
**IEM's Modeling Lead**

Dr. Prasith "Sid" Baccam is a **Computational Epidemiologist expert** at IEM with more than **20 years of experience in medical consequence modeling and simulation of disease outbreaks** and medical consequences following hypothetical attacks with biological agents or emerging infectious diseases. He develops key simulation models and decision support tools at IEM, specializing in public health, disaster response, and medical countermeasures (MCM) to enhance data-driven decision making and improve modeling assumptions.

Upon receiving his **Ph.D. in Applied Mathematics and Immunobiology** at Iowa State University, Dr. Baccam worked as a Postdoctoral Research Associate at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he focused on researching viral and immunological modeling. After his stint at Los Alamos, Dr. Baccam has served as Task Lead in multiple public health projects have allowed him to develop expertise as a mathematical biologist and a leader on high-performance modeling and simulation teams.

He has worked with state and local public health officials as well as Federal agencies, including **HHS**, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (**CDC**), and the Department of Homeland Security (**DHS**). Dr. Baccam has published numerous papers on public health response models and implications on policy and has been invited to participate in workshops and symposiums held by the Institute of Medicine (now the National Academy of Health). His modeling results have been briefed to the **Executive Office of the President** and informed two presidential policy actions.

## Washington State Projections



	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	9/28	9/29	9/30	10/1	10/2	10/3	10/4	10/5	10/6	10/7	10/8	
Washington	86,638	87,042	87,522	88,116	88,650	89,196	89,755	90,326	90,910	91,507	92,117	

Note: The State's projection shows a "best estimate" curve (the solid line with circles) and the dotted lines are the upper and lower estimates around that best estimate. Our projections have typically been within 20%, and are often within 10%, of actual confirmed cases.

## Washington Counties

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases For:							
	9/28	9/29	9/30	10/1	10/2	10/3	10/4	10/5	10/6	10/7	10/8	
Benton	4,545	4,572	4,586	4,606	4,622	4,638	4,654	4,671	4,688	4,705	4,722	
Clark	3,245	3,291	3,313	3,356	3,397	3,440	3,486	3,534	3,584	3,638	3,694	
Grant	2,953	2,973	2,976	2,988	2,998	3,008	3,017	3,027	3,035	3,044	3,052	
Island	314	314	314	315	316	316	317	318	318	319	320	
King	22,198	22,237	22,367	22,529	22,629	22,731	22,835	22,940	23,047	23,156	23,266	
Kitsap	1,213	1,216	1,222	1,231	1,237	1,243	1,249	1,256	1,262	1,268	1,274	
Pierce	7,961	8,002	8,064	8,116	8,176	8,238	8,302	8,368	8,436	8,505	8,578	
Skagit	1,107	1,109	1,111	1,117	1,121	1,125	1,129	1,133	1,137	1,141	1,146	
Snohomish	6,920	6,950	6,990	7,035	7,064	7,093	7,123	7,153	7,184	7,215	7,247	
Spokane	6,866	6,922	6,995	7,079	7,173	7,270	7,371	7,475	7,583	7,695	7,811	
Thurston	1,101	1,103	1,109	1,133	1,143	1,153	1,163	1,174	1,186	1,198	1,211	
Whatcom	1,345	1,353	1,355	1,370	1,378	1,386	1,395	1,403	1,411	1,420	1,428	
Yakima	11,405	11,413	11,431	11,442	11,455	11,468	11,481	11,494	11,507	11,520	11,532	

Some recipients of our daily COVID-19 short-term (7 day) projections have requested projections of demand for: hospital bed, intensive care unit (ICU) beds, and mechanical ventilation. We realize that different states and localities will have different characteristics for hospital demand of COVID-19 cases, and we are presenting the best assumptions we could find for those medical demands based on scientific literature and health data reporting. Specifically:

- **Beds:** For hospitalization, we use a range of 10% and 20% of cases require hospitalization based on CDC's report ([MMWR, March 18, 2020](#)) and state reports of COVID-19 cases.
- **ICU:** The CDC report found that 24% of hospitalized cases require ICU care.
- **Ventilators:** Based on clinical data from China and state reports, we assume that 50% of ICU cases require a ventilator.

If you have other estimates for these assumptions, please share them with us as we work to refine our modeling, assumptions, and data on a daily basis.

The medical demands shown in the table assume 20% of **cumulative** confirmed cases require hospitalization. To get the medical demand for the assumption that 10% of confirmed cases require hospitalization, simply divide the demand by 2.

### Washington Medical Demands by County

	Actual Confirmed Cases On:				Projected Cases (Hospitalized) [ICU] {Ventilator} For:											
	9/28	9/29	9/30	10/1	10/3				10/5				10/7			
Benton	4,545	4,572	4,586	4,606	4,638	(928)	[223]	{111}	4,671	(934)	[224]	{112}	4,705	(941)	[226]	{113}
Clark	3,245	3,291	3,313	3,356	3,440	(688)	[165]	{83}	3,534	(707)	[170]	{85}	3,638	(728)	[175]	{87}
Grant	2,953	2,973	2,976	2,988	3,008	(602)	[144]	{72}	3,027	(605)	[145]	{73}	3,044	(609)	[146]	{73}
Island	314	314	314	315	316	(63)	[15]	{8}	318	(64)	[15]	{8}	319	(64)	[15]	{8}
King	22,198	22,237	22,367	22,529	22,731	(4,546)	[1,091]	{546}	22,940	(4,588)	[1,101]	{551}	23,156	(4,631)	[1,111]	{556}
Kitsap	1,213	1,216	1,222	1,231	1,243	(249)	[60]	{30}	1,256	(251)	[60]	{30}	1,268	(254)	[61]	{30}
Pierce	7,961	8,002	8,064	8,116	8,238	(1,648)	[395]	{198}	8,368	(1,674)	[402]	{201}	8,505	(1,701)	[408]	{204}
Skagit	1,107	1,109	1,111	1,117	1,125	(225)	[54]	{27}	1,133	(227)	[54]	{27}	1,141	(228)	[55]	{27}
Snohomish	6,920	6,950	6,990	7,035	7,093	(1,419)	[340]	{170}	7,153	(1,431)	[343]	{172}	7,215	(1,443)	[346]	{173}
Spokane	6,866	6,922	6,995	7,079	7,270	(1,454)	[349]	{174}	7,475	(1,495)	[359]	{179}	7,695	(1,539)	[369]	{185}
Thurston	1,101	1,103	1,109	1,133	1,153	(231)	[55]	{28}	1,174	(235)	[56]	{28}	1,198	(240)	[58]	{29}
Whatcom	1,345	1,353	1,355	1,370	1,386	(277)	[67]	{33}	1,403	(281)	[67]	{34}	1,420	(284)	[68]	{34}
Yakima	11,405	11,413	11,431	11,442	11,468	(2,294)	[550]	{275}	11,494	(2,299)	[552]	{276}	11,520	(2,304)	[553]	{276}

For additional information from IEM, please contact Bryan Koon, Vice President of Emergency Management and Homeland Security at [bryan.koon@iem.com](mailto:bryan.koon@iem.com) or 850-519-7966 or Stephanie Tennyson at [stephanie.tennyson@iem.com](mailto:stephanie.tennyson@iem.com) or 202-309-4257.